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Federal Bureau of Investigation

Freedom of Information / Privacy Acts

Release

SUBJECT: IRV Rubin

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] born [redacted] a psychologist at the Los Angeles Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), telephone number [redacted] was interviewed at MDC. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and thereafter provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that IRVING DAVID RUBIN had been his patient since entering MDC in December 2001. [redacted] noted that he was surprised by RUBIN'S apparent suicide attempt on the morning of November 4, 2002. [redacted] advised that he recently had been concerned about problems RUBIN was having with his family and his court case. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that RUBIN had told him on several occasions during August and September 2002 that his wife would leave him if he was looking at significant jail time. RUBIN had told [redacted] this was an issue because both he and his wife knew RUBIN may be facing a life sentence.

[redacted] noted that approximately two weeks ago, RUBIN had been unsuccessful in placing a collect call to his wife. RUBIN later told [redacted] that he and his wife had straightened out the problem with the call, but [redacted] noted that he did not believe RUBIN was being completely truthful about the situation. [redacted] noted that he believed RUBIN'S wife had ceased to accept collect calls from him. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he had spoken to RUBIN on Friday, November 1, 2002, and RUBIN stated that he was working things out with his wife. [redacted] noted that he believed RUBIN was being less than truthful about the state of his relationship with his wife. [redacted] advised that RUBIN had been visited by his wife on Sunday, November 3, 2002 but did not know how the visit went.

[redacted] advised that RUBIN had expressed concern to him in recent months that his co-defendant, KRUGEL, may testify against him. [redacted] complained that this concern was making it difficult for him to focus on his own case. RUBIN later told [redacted] that KRUGEL was pressuring him to take the entire blame for their crime. [redacted] noted that RUBIN had asked KRUGEL on October 30, 2002 if KRUGEL planned b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/4/2002 at Los Angeles, California

File # 90C-LA-232302-1 Date dictated 11/4/2002

by SA [redacted] mdr b6 b7C

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to "tell on him." KRUGEL denied the intention, but RUBIN told [redacted] he did not believe KRUGEL. [redacted] noted that RUBIN and KRUGEL both belonged to the JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE and had been lifelong friends politically and socially.

[redacted] advised that approximately one month ago, the media had begun re-publishing racist statements made by RUBIN and KRUGEL a year and a half ago. KRUGEL told [redacted] that he was concerned that these published statements would hurt his case because his attorney was seeking a suppression hearing. RUBIN then told [redacted] that he shared these concerns for his case. RUBIN later told [redacted] that some inmates at MDC had heard about the racist comments and were making comments about them to RUBIN. After the statements hit the press, and as recently as Friday, November 1, 2002, RUBIN had asked [redacted] if he could be moved quickly if necessary. [redacted] asked RUBIN if he had been threatened, and RUBIN said no. [redacted] informed RUBIN that in a worst-case-scenario, he could have RUBIN transferred to the Special Program Unit, or psychiatric ward. b6 b7C

RUBIN told [redacted] on October 30, 2002 that his case had been delayed until January 2003 and that he was concerned he would not get a fair trial. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he met with RUBIN often during the past few months and always asked RUBIN how he was feeling and if he felt like killing himself. RUBIN always told [redacted] that he felt fine and looked forward to seeing his family and his legal visits. On Friday, November 1, 2002, RUBIN had told [redacted] that his wife recently told him that he would prevail on his case. [redacted] advised that he had never observed any scars on RUBIN'S wrists but had noticed marks on his neck. [redacted] noted that these marks were consistent with constant scratching and that RUBIN had developed a skin irritant while at MDC.

[redacted] advised that approximately two to three weeks ago, RUBIN told him that he had stopped taking his medication because he did not want to take any drugs. [redacted] noted that RUBIN had been prescribed anti-depressant medication. [redacted] advised that RUBIN had become noticeably more paranoid and depressed once he ceased taking his medication. b6 b7C

[redacted] provided the interviewing agent with a copy of RUBIN'S MDC psychological records.

Title and Character of Case:

RUBIN, IRVING, DAVID
RUBIN

Date Property Acquired: 11/13/2002

Source from which Property Acquired: MDC - [redacted] b6 b7C

Anticipated Disposition:

Acquired By: [redacted]

Case Agent: [redacted]

Description of Property: 1D 1

Date Entered

TAPE #1: TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS FROM IRVING RUBIN AT MDC

Barcode: E02328079 Location: ELSUR1 11/13/2002

Case Number: 90C-LA-232302
Owning Office: LOS ANGELES

FILE COPY

11/19/02

90C-LA-232302-1D1

FD-350 (Rev. 5-8-81)

Jewish activist's life,

Rubin, who tried to defeat bias with combativeness, remains near death

By Sandra Marquez
The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES — A scrappy street-fighter who once exchanged blows with Klan members on "The Jerry Springer Show," Jewish Defense League leader Irv Rubin believed confrontation was the best defense against anti-Semitism.

But he alienated himself from the mainstream Jewish community with his tactics — including an alleged plot to bomb a mosque and the office of an Arab-American congressman, which could have earned him life in prison.

On Tuesday, a day after his lawyers declared him "brain dead" following an apparent jailhouse suicide attempt, Rubin clung to life. A CAT scan showed signs of brain activity and he was able to breathe on his own, his wife said.

"We are just happy that there is good news," said Shelley Rubin.

As the life of the 57-year-old activist hangs in the balance, so too does Rubin's legacy. His wife describes him as a "champion of the little people" who resorted to violence as a last alternative when civil rights were at risk. Critics recall him as an extremist who adopted a "with me or against me" stance.

"He is a mirror image of other religious-motivated extremists. Except in this case, he is Jewish and American," said Brian Levin, director of the Center for the Study of Hate and Extremism at California State University, San Bernardino.

"He was sincere in his opposition to Nazism and the Klan. But he ended up being consumed by hatred of his own."

Rubin offered insight into his militant roots in a biography posted on the JDL's Web site.

As a boy growing up in Montreal, he encountered signs declaring "No dogs or Jews allowed," posted outside of hotels and other businesses. He also endured taunts from French Canadian school children who teased him because he was Jewish.

"It was here that Irv Rubin learned to fight back," the biography states.

In the four decades since he emigrated to the United States, Rubin's resume reads like a rap sheet:

In 1980, he was tried for soliciting the murders of "every Nazi in the United States," and was found innocent, according to his biography.

In 1990, he heckled South Africa's Desmond Tutu during a visit to Pasadena because of the anti-apartheid leader's support for a Palestinian state.

In 1999, Rubin and his supporters clashed with Ku Klux Klan members in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. Later that year, he came to blows with Klan members on the Jerry Springer show.

By his own account, he has been arrested more than 40 times.

Levin, the professor of criminal justice, said Rubin was a "caricature" in some ways, but acknowledged that Rubin appeared to regard his role far more seriously.

"He really was concerned that the Jewish people would be annihilated and that we didn't have the luxury for my kind of (academic) approach," said Levin, who had a series of heated phone conversations with Rubin after he listed the JDL as a hate group on his university Web site.

In jail since last December on charges to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in suburban Culver City and the office of Rep. Darrel E. Issa, R-Calif., Rubin and his co-defendant, Earl Kruger, had been denied bail.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date: 11-6-02
Edition: The Star

Title:

Character: 90C-LA-232302
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

Indexing:

90C-LA-232302-2

Wednesday, Nov. 6, 2002 FC The Star

legacy on the brink

FBI/DOJ

11/7/02

Scott Audette / AP

Jewish Defense League leader Irv Rubin, shown in 2001, was declared brain-dead Monday. He apparently attempted suicide while in jail on charges related to an alleged bombing plot.

Family members reject the government's allegation that Rubin slashed his throat with a prison-issued razor blade early Monday morning before leaping over a prison balcony while lining up for breakfast.

"This would never have happened if my husband had been given bail," Shelley Rubin said. She said her husband "was not happy" in prison, but gave no indication he intended to take his own life.

Suicide is considered "an insult to the sacred gift of life," in the Jewish religion, said Rabbi Neil Comess-Daniels of Temple Beth Shir Sholom in Santa Monica.

Rubin's defense attorney, Peter Morris, said his client was looking forward to trial and believed he would be acquitted.

"We're pulling for him," Morris said Tuesday. "We're hoping that he's able to go to trial."

Regardless of Rubin's fate, his life offers a lesson, said Comess-Daniels, a member of the Muslim-Jewish Dialogue, an interfaith group that has worked to foster religious tolerance in Los Angeles.

"We need to learn not only with whom we agree, but also from those with whom we disagree," the rabbi said.

"Irv Rubin, I wouldn't raise him in any way to the level of teacher, but I think we have a responsibility to learn that ultimately violence and anger is not productive."

(Rev. 08-28-2000)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 11/04/2002

To: Los Angeles

From: Los Angeles
C-1
Contact: SA [redacted] b6 b7C

Approved By: [redacted]

Drafted By: [redacted]

Case ID #: 90C-LA-232302 (Pending)

Title: Irving Ruben;
Attempted Suicide;
CGR-IFPI;

Synopsis: reassign and reclassify case.

Details: On 11/4/02, Irving Ruben, an inmate at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat and jumping from a second story tier in unit 5 South. Ruben was transported to County USC Hospital where he is currently being treated. Reassign case from SA [redacted] to SA [redacted] and reclassify from a 70A to a 90C. b6 b7C

◆◆

RECLASSIFY TO A 90C-
REASSIGN FROM SA [redacted]
TO SA [redacted]
70A to SA [redacted] NONE
06

b6 b7C

308150 1-ec

90C-LA-232302-3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] M.D., Division of Trauma Surgery and Surgical Critical Care, 1200 North State St., Room 9900, Los Angeles, CA 90033-4525, [redacted] was provided the following information at approximately 11:00 a.m. PST: b6 b7C

[redacted] was present in the operating room when Irving Ruben arrived from the emergency room. Ruben had superficial lacerations to his neck. He had extensive facial deformation and swelling, all consistent with a fall.

A tracheotomy was performed. A thorocotomy was also performed when Ruben went into cardiac arrest. The survival rate for patients who receive a thorocotomy is approximately 3%.

Investigation on 11/04/2002 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-4 Date dictated 11/04/2002

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the nature of the interview. He then provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he is housed in 5 South; his cell number is possibly [redacted] but he could not recall for sure. He arrived in the unit yesterday. [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he was awoken at 4:30am for court. He went downstairs to the common area, and put his head down on the table and fell asleep. The next thing [redacted] heard was the CO repeatedly telling everyone to get out on the rec deck. [redacted] said he did not see or hear anything unusual as he went out to the rec deck. b6 b7C

[redacted] heard someone say that somebody jumped. [redacted] said that he was preoccupied with his own problems, and did not witness anything.

Investigation on 11/04/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-5 Date dictated 11/05/02

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the nature of the interview. He then provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] believes his cell number is [redacted] He arrived in the unit yesterday. He is facing [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he was awoken early for court, but fell back asleep until shortly before 5:00am. He heard a guard locking his cell door, so he yelled out to the guard that had to be in court. The guard let him out and told him to go straight to the rec deck. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised he went down the stairwell immediately outside his cell and straight out to the rec deck. He did not hear or see anything unusual as he walked through the unit. When he reached the rec deck, there were about six or seven other inmates out there. Someone said that a guy tried to kill himself.

Investigation on 11/04/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-U Date dictated 11/05/02

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/05/2002

[redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the nature of the interview. He then provided the following information: b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] advised that he is housed in cell [redacted]

[redacted] advised that RUBIN constantly worried about his case. RUBIN told [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] said RUBIN habitually walked back and forth on the range. [redacted]

[redacted] said that about a month ago, RUBIN's name was in a newspaper article regarding his plans to blow up a mosque.

[redacted] said that all RUBIN did all day was walk. [redacted] he predominantly passed the time by walking. He went outside maybe once a day on the rec deck for about two or three minutes, then came back in and continued walking the unit. [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Investigation on 11/04/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-1 Date dictated 11/05/02

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] At one point, he heard someone yell something like, "oh, no," but he did not think anything of it.

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] advised that RUBIN never said anything to him about wanting to kill himself. RUBIN told [redacted] that he was going to take his case to trial, [redacted] believed either this month or in January.

[redacted]

[redacted] said to his knowledge, RUBIN did not have any enemies in the unit. RUBIN kept to himself and had no problems with other inmates. [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] said that based on what he observed and what RUBIN told him, [redacted] knew that RUBIN constantly worried about his case, his family, and his reputation, but he never thought he would do something like this.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/05/2002

[redacted] was advised of b6 b7C
the identity of the interviewing Agent and the nature of the interview. He then provided the following information:

[redacted] advised he is housed in cell [redacted] His cellie is [redacted] He has been in the unit for approximately one month. [redacted]

[redacted] advised he was up early for court this morning. He b6 b7C
first saw RUBIN [redacted] RUBIN was walking his typical route on the upper level. [redacted] advised that RUBIN walked around the unit a lot, usually back and forth between A and B ranges. [redacted] said RUBIN appeared to be walking at a faster pace this morning, almost like a jog.

[redacted] went down to eat breakfast at the tables in the b6 b7C
common area. [redacted] RUBIN continued to walk the upper deck. At one point, [redacted] saw RUBIN sit on the top railing near the corner in B range. RUBIN sat on the railing, facing the rooms and his back to the common area below. [redacted] had never seen RUBIN sit on the railing like that before. [redacted] thought RUBIN was foolish to sit there, because he might fall.

RUBIN then got off the rail and walked back toward his cell. He appeared to look in the cell door window to try to see his reflection. It appeared that he could not see his reflection, so he went into his cell for a few seconds, then came back out. RUBIN then walked back toward the corner of B range, where he had been sitting on the rail. RUBIN stood behind the pole in the corner, so [redacted] lost sight of him. At this point, a Hispanic b6 b7C
inmate came out of his cell near where RUBIN was standing. The Hispanic male yelled at RUBIN words to the effect of "Hey! What's going on?" RUBIN ran away from the Hispanic male toward A range. As RUBIN ran, [redacted] could see that RUBIN was holding the left side of his neck, and he could see blood on RUBIN's neck and hands.

Investigation on 11/04/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-8 (134)

Date dictated 11/05/02

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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 b6 b7C

The Hispanic male then started yelling for the guard. The Hispanic male then started yelling in Spanish to inmate [redacted] who was sitting at the table in the common area behind [redacted]

When RUBIN reached the corner area in A range, he immediately climbed onto the top rung of the railing and stood on the top rung. RUBIN was wearing his shoes and was dressed in his green jacket and pants for court. Because RUBIN was so tall, he could not stand upright on the railing. He put his arms above his head with his hands flat on the ceiling, and crunched down so he could stand almost upright. [redacted] yelled at RUBIN, "don't do it!" b6 b7C

[redacted] said during this time, the guard was ushering everyone who was sitting in the common area toward the rec deck. [redacted] said RUBIN was standing on the rail, looking confused. He could see blood on RUBIN's neck and hands. [redacted] continued to yell at RUBIN not to do it. During this time, the alarm sounded. As [redacted] moved toward the rec deck, he turned away from watching RUBIN for a second. When he turned back around, RUBIN was gone. He did not hear RUBIN say anything when he was standing on the rail or after, and he did not hear RUBIN fall.

He and the other inmates were confined to the rec deck. The Hispanic male who saw RUBIN and yelled for the guard said when he came out of his cell and saw RUBIN, he saw blood on RUBIN and saw scratches on his neck.

[redacted] said at this point, he could not see or hear anything else that was going on inside the unit, so he fell asleep on a bench on the rec deck. b6 b7C

[redacted] said RUBIN mostly kept to himself on the unit. [redacted] did not believe that RUBIN had any problems with any other inmates or any of the guards.

[redacted] advised that he found RUBIN a little strange and thought maybe he had lost it. [redacted] said that RUBIN constantly walked the unit. While he walked, he appeared to talk to himself, but [redacted] did not know what RUBIN was talking about. Sometimes RUBIN would stop in [redacted] doorway and just stand there and stare at him. RUBIN would not say anything, and then he would just walk away.

[redacted] said that inmate [redacted] was talking in court line after the incident. [redacted] said that he heard RUBIN that morning b6 b7C

knock on one of the cell doors and say "tell my wife I love her." [redacted] was not sure which cell [redacted] was referring to. [redacted] also said that he was in line with RUBIN to receive their medications, and RUBIN said to [redacted] words to the effect that his medication was not working and besides, tomorrow I'll slit my throat.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/05/2002

[redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the nature of the interview. He then provided the following information: b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] advised that he is housed in cell [redacted] He has no cellie. He has been in 5 South for over one year, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he first met IRV RUBIN [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

[redacted] RUBIN walks around the unit daily, hitting himself with his fist on his breast. [redacted]

[redacted]

RUBIN told [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

Investigation on 11/04/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-9 Date dictated 11/05/02

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

[redacted] RUBIN never gave any indication of wanting to die. During the past week, RUBIN also confessed to [redacted] that he attempted to blow up the mosque and the Congressman. [redacted]

[redacted] advised that RUBIN never talked to him about his wife or two kids, other than saying he had them. [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] advised that this morning he was up before 6:00am, [redacted] His door was still locked, however, until the inmates going to court were escorted out. From his cell, he heard commotion out in the unit. He specifically heard something hit hard. He then heard who he believed to be RUBIN, choking. [redacted] heard [redacted] and the guard saying something about drowning. This made [redacted] think that maybe RUBIN tried to drown himself in the toilet. [redacted] advised that he heard RUBIN's voice, but he could not understand what RUBIN was saying. [redacted] could not see RUBIN from his cell. [redacted]

[redacted] said to his knowledge, there was no one on the floor who wanted to hurt RUBIN, and he knew of no one who had any altercation with RUBIN. [redacted] added that RUBIN appeared pathetic, and no one bothered him.

b6
b7C
b7D

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] advised that [redacted]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/07/2002

[redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) where he has been employed as a Correctional Officer [redacted] After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information:

[redacted] has worked [redacted] in 5 South [redacted] On 11/3/02, he recalled that Irving Rubin gave him two lightweight0 cardboard boxes and asked if [redacted] could lock them up somewhere because he was going to court the next day and didn't want his cellmate going through his things while he was out. He said he would get his things from [redacted] the next day after court. [redacted] looked through the boxes to make sure there was nothing metallic, such as a weapon, and saw mostly paperwork and then locked them up. [redacted] stated that if Rubin were giving him his commissary or bedroll then [redacted] would have been concerned but it was mostly paperwork.

[redacted] stated that it is common that inmates will go through other inmates' belongings when they are out to court so Rubin's concern was a common one. [redacted] will often lock cell doors for inmates who have their own cells so that others can't go into their cells when they are at court.

At approximately 8:00pm that same day, the Activities Lt. [redacted] came into the unit. As [redacted] was speaking to him, Rubin came up and asked Lt. [redacted] if he could speak to him in private and said that it was urgent. Rubin and the Lt. went over to the sally port area and spoke to him but [redacted] could not hear what was being said.

[redacted] stated that Rubin seemed like his normal self yesterday. He recalled him walking the tiers for exercise, which he normally did. [redacted] also knew Rubin from 9 South and stated that he was quiet and walked the tiers there too. [redacted] stated that it was obvious that Rubin was not happy at MDC and he had told Rubin that he could always talk to him if something was wrong.

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-10 Date dictated

by LS SA [redacted]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] having a date of birth of [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] and further identified by Bureau of Prison Registration Number [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center, Los Angeles, California. [redacted] was advised of the agents identity and the nature of the interview. [redacted] provided the following information:

[redacted] has been incarcerated at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) [redacted] He is housed on five south, cell number [redacted] was shown a photograph of Irving Rubin. [redacted] stated that he has known Rubin for about three months. [redacted] stated he last saw Rubin on Sunday night, November 3, 2002. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that he woke up at about 5:30 a.m. on November 4, 2002. He was awakened by guard's keys and footsteps. He knew something was going on but did not know what it was. He did not see Rubin on this date and can only see two cells from where his cell is located. [redacted] was not aware of the details regarding the Rubin incident because he was sound asleep in his cell.

Rubin had not given [redacted] any indication that he wanted to harm himself. [redacted] had no knowledge of anyone that may have wanted to harm Rubin. b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-11 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] having a date of birth of [redacted] b6 b7C and further identified by Bureau of Prison Registration Number [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center, Los Angeles, California. [redacted] was advised of the agents identity and the nature of the interview. [redacted] provided the following information:

[redacted] advised that he has been incarcerated at the MDC for about the last eighteen to twenty months. He is housed on 5 South. [redacted] is familiar with Irv Rubin. [redacted]

[redacted] left his cell this morning at approximately 5:10 a.m. [redacted] was up at this time because he had a court appearance to attend. [redacted] went to the common area on five south and was seated at a table drinking his coffee. He was seated at a table [redacted] saw Rubin pacing back and forth on the upper tier between the A and B ranges for approximately six to seven minutes. This was not atypical because Rubin paced a lot. A few minutes later, [redacted] was notified by another inmate that Rubin was cutting himself on the neck. [redacted] identified the other inmate as [redacted] first yelled at the guard located at the guard desk. [redacted] could not get the guard's attention so he yelled at [redacted] Rubin was walking on the upper tier from B range toward the A range. Blood was visible on Rubin's collar. Rubin was wearing a green jacket, green shirt, and green pants. [redacted] went and advised [redacted] at the guard desk as to what Rubin had done. When he looked back behind, he saw that RUBIN had climbed up on the rail at the far end of the A range. [redacted] yelled, "Rubin don't do this." [redacted] told all the b6 b7C inmates to go to the recreation deck. While going into the recreation deck, he heard the bell ringing and other guards coming onto the floor. It was at this time that [redacted] heard a loud "boom." He did not see Rubin jumped but assumed that was what caused the noise.

[redacted] identified inmate [redacted] as standing about ten to fifteen feet behind RUBIN when he [redacted] told him not to jump.

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-12 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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 b6 b7C

[redacted] did not know [redacted] first name. [redacted] initially thought that if he could get RUBIN to talk and not jump that possibly [redacted] may have been able to get close enough to grab RUBIN. [redacted] said that [redacted] never had the opportunity to get close enough to grab RUBIN before he jumped. [redacted] was asked by the interviewing agent if there was a possibility that [redacted] could have pushed Rubin. [redacted] stated that [redacted] never got within ten feet of Rubin and it was not possible.

Approximately one month ago, [redacted] stated that RUBIN had climbed on top of the railing on the upper tier near the guard's desk. [redacted] spotted Rubin on top of the railing looking as if he might jump. [redacted] asked Rubin what he was doing. Rubin just laughed and got down from the railing. Rubin had never talked to [redacted] or expressed any desire to commit suicide. b6 b7C

[redacted] is not aware of any inmate or Bureau of Prison employee that may have wanted to harm Rubin.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] having a date of birth of [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] and further identified by Bureau of Prison Registration Number [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center, Los Angeles, California. [redacted] was advised of the agents identity and the nature of the interview. [redacted] provided the following information:

[redacted] began his incarceration at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) [redacted] He was transferred to five south [redacted] On November 4, 2002, [redacted] came out of his cell [redacted] at approximately 5:30 a.m. He went to the common area on the floor [redacted] b6 b7C [redacted] As he was eating his breakfast, [redacted] observed a tall, skinny, white male, pacing between the "A" and "B" ranges on the floor. He was dressed in a green jacket and green shirt. [redacted] was shown a photograph of Irving Rubin and asked if this was the inmate that he observed pacing. [redacted] acknowledged that it was.

[redacted] was washing out his cup in the common area when an inmate on the "B" range yelled at [redacted] in Spanish. [redacted] stated that he does not speak Spanish and did not know what the inmate was saying. Another Hispanic inmate got up from the eating area and went toward the guard desk. [redacted] looked up at the "A" range area and saw Rubin standing on top of the railing. It appeared that Rubin was going to jump. He could see that the front of Rubin's shirt was wet. He believed that it was blood. The guard then instructed all the inmates to go to the recreation deck. As he was getting to the recreation deck, he heard a bell sound then a "thump." [redacted] did not see RUBIN jump but the noise he heard seemed to be consistent with what it would sound like if Rubin had jumped. [redacted] did not see anyone near Rubin when he was standing on the railing. [redacted] estimated that there were approximately eight to ten inmates on the recreation deck with him. b6 b7C

[redacted] had not had any conversations with Rubin while he had been at the MDC.

Investigation on 11/6/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-13 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] b6 b7C registration number [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) where he is an inmate. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information:

[redacted] has been incarcerated at MDC [redacted] He is housed in cell [redacted] and his cellmate is [redacted]

At approximately 4:30am on 11/4/02, [redacted] woke up and went down to the common area of 5 South to eat breakfast before going to court. As he and another inmate named [redacted] were eating, he saw Irving Rubin walking back and forth on the tier between A and B range. Rubin walks all of the time but it seemed like he was walking faster and more jittery than usual. [redacted] then went up to his cell to get his paperwork and when he came out of his cell he saw Irving Rubin scratching at his own neck and blood on the floor. [redacted] yelled down to the officer but did not get a response so he yelled to inmate [redacted] who was down in the common area eating breakfast, and told him that Rubin was trying to kill himself. [redacted] summoned the officer and the officer began putting the inmates out on the recreation deck. Rubin then quickly walked away from [redacted] towards A range and kept looking down towards the officer as he walked. [redacted] stayed on B range but saw Rubin climb onto the railing in A range and heard inmate [redacted] yelling at him to get down. Rubin then jumped from the railing. [redacted] saw an inmate named [redacted] in the distance behind Rubin as he was on the railing but [redacted] never approached Rubin. b6 b7C

[redacted] saw Rubin on 10/26/02 in the visiting room with his wife and stated that he thought he seemed fine. b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-14 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] the Operations Lieutenant at the Metropolitan Detention Center, [redacted] At approximately 4:50am, [redacted] in unit 5 South, activated his body alarm. When Lt. [redacted] arrived in 5 South he saw inmate Irving Rubin on the floor of C range propping himself up on his side. He appeared to be disoriented and sounded as if he was having a hard time breathing. Lt. [redacted] ordered control to call 911 and then helped Physician Assistant [redacted] restrain Rubin, who was resisting their help. Rubin kept repeating, "I want to die, let me die." Rubin was bleeding from his mouth and some of his teeth were missing. As Lt. [redacted] was assisting carrying Rubin on a stretcher to the fourth floor clinic, Rubin said that he was having trouble breathing. [redacted] C/O Montgomery, P.A., [redacted] all assisted in transporting Rubin to the 4th floor.

b6
b7C

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-15 Date dictated

by [redacted]

b6
b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] an inmate at Los Angeles Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), Bureau of Prisons Number [redacted] was interviewed at MDC. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and thereafter provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he has been an inmate at MDC for just over two months. [redacted] noted that his cell is in 5 South, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that on November 4, 2002, he had awoken at approximately 4:30 a.m. and departed his cell [redacted] to get breakfast downstairs in the 5 South Common Area. [redacted] noted that RUBIN had been pacing in the B Section when [redacted] left his cell to pick up breakfast and was still pacing when [redacted] returned to his cell a few minutes later. After [redacted] entered his cell, he observed someone move quickly past his door towards 5 South, [redacted] could not identify the individual. b6 b7C

[redacted] then heard a commotion and exited his cell. [redacted] observed RUBIN standing on top of a railing in Section A. An officer then told the inmates to go to the "Rec Deck," and [redacted] began heading down the stairs to the recreational area. [redacted] then observed RUBIN in the air reaching for the railing opposite where he had been standing. [redacted] advised that RUBIN made contact with the railing but was not able to hold on as his body swung forward and then fell to the ground. [redacted] did not observe RUBIN strike the ground because he landed in Section C which was below [redacted] line of sight.

[redacted] advised that RUBIN had fallen between 4:30 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that [redacted] had told him [redacted] that RUBIN was crazy and had tried to bomb something.

Investigation on 11/4/2002 at Los Angeles, California

File # 90C-LA-232302-1U Date dictated 11/4/2002

by SA [redacted] mdr MDR b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] an inmate at Los Angeles Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), Bureau of Prisons Number [redacted] was interviewed at MDC. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and thereafter provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that his cell at MDC is in 5 South, [redacted] noted that between 4:00 a.m. and 4:30 a.m., he had been in the 5 South Common Area getting breakfast when he observed "RUBIN" pacing back and forth in Section B. [redacted] then observed RUBIN knock on a cell door in Section B and say, "tell my wife I love her." RUBIN then went to his own cell door in Section B. [redacted] could not see what RUBIN was doing at his cell but then observed RUBIN scratching at his neck as if he had a razor. [redacted] noted that he did not actually observe a razor.

RUBIN then walked to Section A and climbed over the railing above Section C. [redacted] heard another inmate say, "RUBIN, don't do it." [redacted] observed RUBIN try to grab the column behind him with his right hand and then slide off the railing and fall to the ground in Section C. [redacted] noted that he did not actually observe RUBIN hit the ground because he had looked away when the body hit. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he had spoken with RUBIN at [redacted] advised that RUBIN stated, "tomorrow I'm going to cut my throat." [redacted] noted that he did not think RUBIN was speaking literally and thought that he was talking about problems with his court case. [redacted] then asked RUBIN why he was not picking up any medication. RUBIN stated that he had stopped taking his medication because it did not work. RUBIN then told [redacted] that he was suicidal and showed [redacted] scars on his wrists.

Investigation on 11/4/2002 at Los Angeles, California

File # 90C-LA-232302-11 Date dictated 11/4/2002

by SA [redacted] /mdr MDR b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] an inmate at Los Angeles Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), Bureau of Prisons Number [redacted] was interviewed at MDC. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and thereafter provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he has been an inmate at MDC for approximately four and one half months and has spent the last three months in 5 South, Section A.

[redacted] advised that at approximately 5:30 a.m. on November 4, 2002, he was eating breakfast in the 5 South Common Area at MDC. [redacted] observed a male inmate climbing up on the railing in Section A of 5 South. [redacted] did not know the name of the inmate. A prison CO then told [redacted] and the other inmates to go outside. As [redacted] was walking outside, he heard the inmate's body hit the floor in Section C but did not see the inmate fall or hit the floor. b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/04/2002

[redacted] an inmate at Los Angeles Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC), Bureau of Prisons Number [redacted] was interviewed at MDC. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and thereafter provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he has been an inmate at MDC since [redacted] and has been in 5 South, [redacted] for the past two and one half months.

[redacted] advised that on November 4, 2002, at approximately 4:30 a.m., he was having breakfast in the 5 South Common Area. At approximately 4:45 a.m., [redacted] was returning to his cell [redacted] with a cup of coffee. As [redacted] approached [redacted] he observed an inmate walking alone in Section B. [redacted] recognized the inmate but could not recollect his name. A few minutes later, [redacted] heard voices outside of his cell saying, "don't do it" and a CO telling inmates to go outside. [redacted] then heard what he believed to be the inmate's body hitting the floor. [redacted] noted that after hearing the body hit the ground, prison officers told him to go outside to the "Rec Deck." [redacted] saw blood in Section C but never saw the inmate's body. [redacted] noted that he last saw the inmate when he was walking alone in Section B. b6 b7C

mdr

[redacted] advised that he had last spoken to the inmate who fell approximately fifteen days ago. [redacted] noted that they had spoken briefly about upcoming court dates. b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/4/2002 at Los Angeles, California

File # 90C-LA-232302-19 Date dictated 11/4/2002

by SA [redacted] mdr b6 b7C

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FD-350 (Rev. 5-8-81)

C-1

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state)
Los Angeles Times, p. A1

Date: November 5, 2002

Title: JEWISH RADICAL IRV RUBIN GRAVELY INJURED IN JAIL

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Los Angeles

Indexing:

Jewish Radical Irv Rubin Gravely Injured in Jail

Authorities call an 18-foot plunge a suicide attempt; the JDL chief is said to be 'brain dead.'

By David Rosenzweig, Greg Krikorian and George Ramos
Times Staff Writers

Irv Rubin, the bombastic Jewish Defense League leader who was arrested last year for allegedly conspiring to blow up a mosque, was gravely injured Monday when he plunged over a railing in a federal detention center and fell about 18 feet to a cellblock below. Authorities characterized it as a suicide attempt.

Rubin had tried slashing his throat with a jail-issue safety razor immediately before the fall, federal officials said. After guards spotted him, he went over the railing, according to William Woolsey, spokesman for the U.S. Marshal's office in Los Angeles.

The incident occurred early Monday morning, shortly before

Associated Press

FBI SUSPECT: *Irv Rubin was arrested for allegedly planning to blow up a mosque.*

Rubin was to be taken to a hearing in U.S. District Court. By late afternoon, he was described by defense lawyer Peter Morris as "brain dead and on life support" at County-USC Medical Center.

Rubin's wife, Shelley, insisted that her husband, an outspoken and controversial figure in the Jewish radical movement in Los Angeles for more than 30 years, had been in good spirits and would never have violated Jew-

90C-LA-232302-23

11/06/02

Rubin 'Brain Dead'

[*Rubin, from Page A1*]

ish law by taking his own life.

"We want a full investigation because he was murdered," Shelley Rubin said in an interview at the couple's duplex in Monrovia, still festively decorated for Halloween. Although Rubin was still technically alive at that point, she referred to him as "gone."

"He wasn't the kind of person to take his own life," she added. "I want to know who did this to him."

However, attorney Mark Werksman, who represents Rubin's co-defendant, Earl Krugel, said he and his client were certain that Rubin had been in a downward psychological spiral for months.

"He's been a physical and mental wreck since this case started," Werksman said. "He probably lost 40 pounds in recent months. And he was overwhelmed by the pressure of this case and the prospect of facing life in prison."

"The jailers probably should have kept an eye on him," Werksman added. "But nobody would have thought this would happen. He's such a fighter. Who would guess that he would give up like this?"

Rubin and Krugel, his chief lieutenant in the JDL, were arrested by the FBI last December for allegedly plotting to blow up the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and the office of a Lebanese American congressman, Rep. Darrell E. Issa (R-Vista). Rubin pleaded not guilty, as did Krugel.

U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew had been planning to consider several defense motions Monday, including a request by Rubin's lawyers to sever his case from Krugel's, and another to allow the defense to claim government bias. The case was scheduled to go to trial in January.

The JDL, which Rubin joined in 1971 and had led since 1985, was never more than a fringe organization, although one that commanded attention through its brash and sometimes violent behavior. By the time of his arrest last December, it appeared to be a spent force, its vitality sapped in part by the departure, and the 1990 assassination, of founder Meir Kahane. By last year, Los Angeles County Supervisor Zev Yaroslavsky, a longtime observer of the group, could quip that there were more teams in the American League than there were members of the JDL.

Monday's incident, which was under investigation by the FBI, began shortly before 5 a.m. when Rubin, like other inmates with court appearances, was allowed to leave his cell at the Metropolitan Detention Center in downtown L.A. for breakfast.

"He never made it," said Woolsey.

Instead, according to authorities, Rubin left his cell and began slashing at his throat with the blade from a disposable razor. Guards spotted him, and were either about to move toward him or had begun to do so. Before they could grab him, Rubin ran a few feet and plunged over a rail separating one row of cells from the floor's common area, authorities said. By several accounts, he fell about 18 feet to a concrete floor on another row of cells steps below the common area.

No one touched Rubin before he went over the edge, according to authorities. His injuries were said to be so severe that Rubin was initially reported to have died early Monday morning while in surgery, then was reported to be alive but comatose.

While he would not comment on Rubin's apparent suicide attempt, the detention center's associate warden Bran Hoyt confirmed that the firebrand activist was in the general population of inmates, who represent almost 95% of the prison's population of about 1,000. Those inmates are housed within the middle five floors of the 10-story correctional center downtown.

As a general population inmate, Rubin would have been required to share a cell with another prisoner whenever the facility was particularly crowded, although there were reports on Monday that he did not have a roommate at the time of the incident.

The razor used in the incident would have been one issued to Rubin along with other toiletries available to any general population prisoner, according to detention center officials. Exceptions are only made when a prisoner has shown he is a threat to himself or others, Hoyt said. "And that kind of person is normally in a special housing unit," with much tighter security, he said. Rubin, Hoyt said, "had been in the general population area for quite a long time."

Rules are similar in county jails, run by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, officials said.

Rubin's wife said she had just arrived home Monday after taking their 12-year-old son, Kelly, to school, when she received a call from one of her husband's defense lawyers informing her of Rubin's injuries.

She said she had visited him for nearly an hour Sunday, and there was no indication that he was despondent or considering suicide. She said their conversation focused on her trip to Disneyland with their son on Friday.

"We didn't talk that much about the case, but he said to me, 'I'll see you tomorrow in court,' " she said.

She also blamed Lew, the judge in the case. "This would not have happened if the judge had not denied bail to my husband."

Authorities said they found no suicide note.

"Irv was a fighter through and through," said JDL spokesman Brett Stone. "It's just hard to accept that he would take his own life."

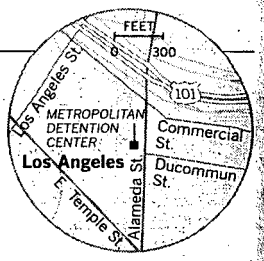
Werksman said, however, that on Friday Rubin said he had been seeing a psychologist at the prison.

Without discussing the case, Hoyt said that a prisoner's consultation with a psychologist was not, in itself, an indication that he posed a threat to himself or others.

Times staff writers Richard Winton, Beth Shuster, Jean Guccione and Mitchell Landsberg contributed to this report.

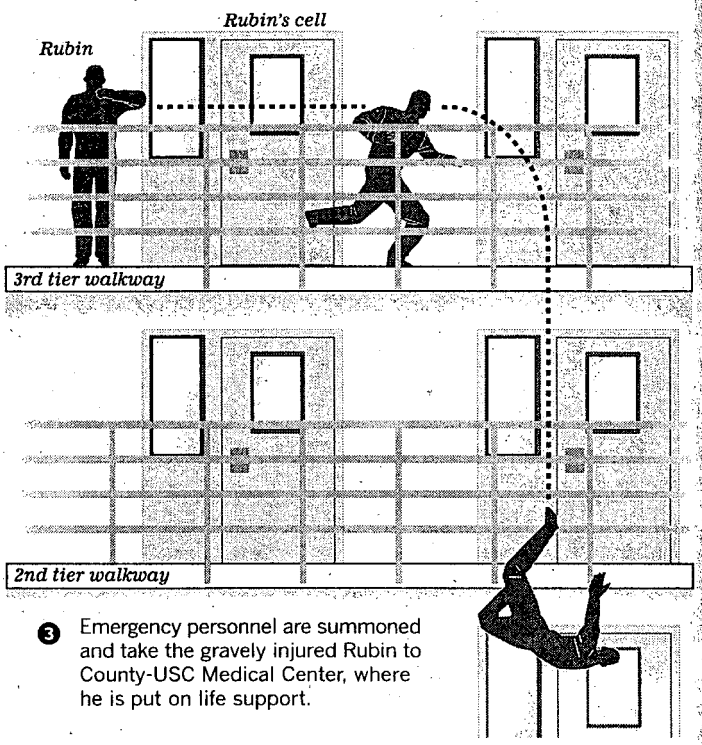
Serious fall at jail

Irv Rubin, en route to a Monday morning court date, fell about 18 feet to a lower level of the fifth floor where he was being held at the Metropolitan Detention Center. His floor is one of five housing almost 1,000 prisoners.



What happened

1. Shortly before 5 a.m., outside his cell, Rubin begins slashing at his throat with a blade taken from his prison-issued disposable razor.
2. As guards spot him, Rubin runs a few feet and dives head-first over a railing, falling about 18 feet and landing on a concrete floor.



3. Emergency personnel are summoned and take the gravely injured Rubin to County-USC Medical Center, where he is put on life support.

Researched by Times staff writer Greg Krikorian

LORENA IÑIGUEZ, R. TORO *Los Angeles Times*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/06/2002

[redacted] date of birth [redacted] registration number [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) where he is an inmate. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] has been incarcerated at MDC for 18 months and is currently assigned to cell [redacted] On 11/4/02, [redacted] woke up at approximately 4:30am to get ready to go to court. He came out of his cell and saw Irving Rubin standing there and asked him if he was going to court and Rubin said he was. [redacted] was in the common area eating breakfast when he heard another inmate yell that somebody was bleeding. [redacted] looked up and saw Rubin walking very fast, almost running, from B range towards the A range. [redacted] saw blood on Rubin's neck and Rubin was looking back towards where the Correctional Officer was. The officer told the inmates who were eating breakfast to get onto the recreation deck. As [redacted] and the other inmates were going out to the rec deck, [redacted] turned around and saw Rubin standing on the railing on the A range. He had one hand on a pier and one hand on the ceiling as he was on the railing. [redacted] heard somebody yell at Rubin to, "Don't do it". [redacted] told the other inmates around him to not talk to Rubin because it would make him more nervous. After the Officer locked [redacted] and the other inmates on the rec deck, [redacted] heard the door buzz, which meant that more officers were arriving. [redacted] then heard a loud thump but could not see anything from where he was. b6 b7C

[redacted] said that Rubin sometimes seemed depressed and would get nervous if his wife was late to visit him. Rubin was always complaining about the system and talking about his case.

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/05/2002

[redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center where he is employed as a Correctional Officer. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] started his shift [redacted] At approximately 4:15am, [redacted] began unlocking cell doors for the 12 inmates who had to go to court that day. When he got to Irving Rubin's cell he saw that his light was already on and he was standing up near his sink and his cellmate was still in bed. Some of the inmates came down to the common area to eat breakfast and at approximately 4:50am, [redacted] heard an inmate named [redacted] yelling that a guy had cut his throat. [redacted] was pointing towards B range and [redacted] saw Irving Rubin walking towards A range with his hand on his throat. [redacted] activated his body alarm and told the inmates that were in the common area to get out on the recreation deck. As [redacted] was locking the inmates onto the rec deck he heard some of them yelling, "Don't do it". [redacted] turned and saw Rubin in A range with his hands on the rail and blood on his throat. [redacted] turned back to lock the rec deck door and heard a loud thud. [redacted] did not see Rubin fall but saw that he was lying on the floor in C range [redacted] ran and got the stretcher as Correctional Officer [redacted] and Maintenance worker [redacted] entered the unit. As [redacted] approached Rubin he heard him say that he was having trouble breathing although he seemed to be coherent. b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/4/02 at Los Angeles, CA

File # 90C-LA-232302-26 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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FD-350 (Rev. 5-8-81)

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date: 11-18-02
Edition: Thousand Oaks Star
Title:

Character: 90C-LA-232302
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

Indexing:

Top story

LOS ANGELES

Funeral service held for leader of JDL

Jewish Defense League Chairman Irv Rubin was remembered Sunday as a tireless activist who dedicated his life to the fight against anti-Semitism.

About 200 relatives, friends and supporters gathered at the Sholom Memorial Park in Sylmar to attend funeral services for Rubin, who died Wednesday from injuries he sustained in prison while awaiting trial for an alleged bomb plot.

"He gave up so much, and now he gave up his life," Rabbi Tzvi Block said.

Rubin and fellow JDL member Earl Krugel had been in jail since December for allegedly plotting to bomb a Southern California mosque and the office of Rep. Darrell E. Issa, R-Calif..

Federal officials said Rubin slashed his neck Nov. 4 with a prison-issued razor blade and tumbled 18 feet over a railing at the federal Metropolitan Detention Center hours before he was to appear in court.

Lucy Nicholson / AP

Pallbearers carry the coffin of Jewish Defense League Chairman Irv Rubin to a grave in Sylmar on Sunday. Rubin died Wednesday from injuries sustained in prison.

90C-LA-232302-27 FBI/DOJ

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cc: CT3

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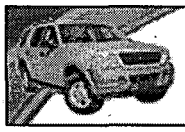
b7C

Los Angeles Times latimes.com



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http://www.latimes.com/news/local/la-111402rubin_wr.story

JDL Leader Irv Rubin Dies

Death follows what officials described as a suicide attempt on Nov. 4 as he was being taken to court.

From Associated Press

November 14 2002, 7:00 AM PST

Jewish Defense League leader Irv Rubin, who made a career out of confronting those he considers enemies of Israel and the Jewish people, died in a hospital after attempting to commit suicide in jail last week, authorities said. He was 57.

Rubin had been in a medically induced coma since Nov. 4 but died at about 11:45 p.m. Wednesday, said Adelaida De La Cerda, a spokeswoman at Los Angeles County-USC Medical Center. No other details were immediately available.

Federal officials said Rubin slashed his neck with a prison-issued razor blade on Nov. 4 and tumbled 18 feet over a railing at the federal Metropolitan Detention Center.

The apparent suicide attempt occurred just hours before Rubin was to make a court appearance on charges he allegedly plotted to bomb a Southern California mosque and the office of Rep. Darrell E. Issa, R-Calif., who is the grandson of Lebanese immigrants. Fellow JDL member Earl Krugel was also arrested in connection with the alleged scheme.

His wife, Shelley Rubin, has called for a further investigation in the suicide attempt, believing Rubin would not try and kill himself.

But authorities said interviews with witnesses-- including officers and inmates-- left no doubt about the cause of Rubin's injuries.

Rubin and Krugel were arrested Dec. 11 after an FBI informant delivered an explosive powder that authorities believed was the last component in making pipe bombs for the alleged targets-- the King Fahd mosque in suburban Culver City and Issa's office. The charges carry up to 40 years in prison if Krugel is convicted.

Rubin, who by his own account has been arrested more than 40 times, joined the JDL early in the 1970s and quickly moved up, becoming chairman in 1985.

In 1989, the leader of the rival Jewish Defense Organization was charged with firing shots at Rubin and wounding three others in New York. Mordechai Levy was convicted of assault.

Rubin offered insight into his militant roots in a biography posted on the JDL's Web site.

As a boy growing up in Montreal, he encountered signs declaring "No dogs or Jews Allowed," posted outside of hotels and other businesses. He also endured taunts from French Canadian school children who teased him because he was Jewish.

"It was here that Irv Rubin learned to fight back," the biography states.

His family emigrated in 1961 and he became a U.S. citizen and joined the Air Force in 1966, serving four years.

In 1973, he served in Israel's civil defense corps during the Yom Kippur War.

The JDL, whose symbol is a raised fist inside a Star of David, has the motto "Never Again," referring to the World War II murder of 6 million Jews. It was founded in 1968 by Meir Kahane to mount armed response to anti-Semitic acts in New York City.

The group was suspected in a 1985 bombing in Santa Ana that killed Southern California Arab anti-discrimination leader Alex Odeh, but no arrests were ever made.

Rubin was fiercely passionate about his religion and background and was critical of the stalled Middle East peace process, which he called "suicide" in 1995.

Rubin could often be found protesting outside courthouses where white supremacists were being tried or even clashing with Ku Klux Klan members on "The Jerry Springer Show."

He once offered $500 to anyone who "kills, maims or seriously injures" a member of the American Nazi Party, and last year, he urged Jews across the country to arm themselves in the face of violence against minorities.

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C-1

Rubin Is Said to Improve

The militant Jewish Defense League leader's wife says he has shown signs of brain activity.

By DAVID ROSENZWEIG AND GREG KRIKORIAN
Times Staff Writers

With his family claiming he was improving, Irv Rubin remained in grave condition Tuesday as new details emerged about what authorities called his suicide attempt in federal prison.

The firebrand national director of the Jewish Defense League suffered serious head injuries Monday when, according to officials, he slashed himself with a razor, then leaped over a railing at the Metropolitan Detention Center in downtown Los Angeles.

Rubin's 18-foot fall occurred only hours before he and his chief lieutenant were to appear in U.S. District Court for a hearing on charges that he had plotted to bomb a mosque and a congressman's office.

On Tuesday, Shelley Rubin said her 57-year-old husband had showed signs of brain activity.

"Irv is not brain-dead," she said in a statement released by the JDL. "His heart is fine. He is breathing on his own, although he is still connected to a respirator. But the doctors said he was 'breathing over' the respirator."

As authorities wrapped up the initial, on-site phase of their investigation, an FBI spokesman said there was no indication that Rubin's injuries were anything but self-inflicted.

"All the evidence indicates his was an attempted suicide," said Agent Matthew McLaughlin.

[See Rubin, Page B8]

[Rubin, From Page B1]

That conclusion was reached after agents interviewed more than 15 witnesses to Rubin's fall, including corrections officers and inmates, McLaughlin said.

In addition, he said, FBI agents have determined that no one was within 15 feet of Rubin when he began cutting at his throat with a razor blade and then plunged over a prison railing.

Although authorities recovered the blade, taken from a prison-issued disposable razor, no suicide note has been found, according to officials.

At County-USC Medical Center, trauma physicians were taking a wait-and-see position before offering a prognosis on Rubin's chances of recovery, according to his wife.

The hospital declined to provide information on Rubin's condition.

Though he could not address specifics of Rubin's condition, U.S. marshal spokesman William Woolsey said his staff had allowed the family more visits to the hospital "to discuss what the options are" with physicians.

A JDL spokesman said the doctors would not be able to make an assessment until the swelling in Rubin's brain subsides, which is expected in two or three days.

Defense attorney Peter Morris, who had put out word Monday that Rubin was near death, said late Tuesday that he had revised his view after receiving confirmation from federal officials that Rubin was not brain-dead.

Those mildly optimistic accounts on Rubin's condition could not be independently corroborated. But they caused lawyers in the bombing conspiracy case to consider a number of possible scenarios, depending on whether Rubin lives.

Mark Werksman, attorney for Earl Krugel, who is the other man charged in the case, said Monday's incident would make the prosecution's case much easier.

"In the unlikely event Irv survives and recovers, we may be back on track," said Werksman, a former federal prosecutor.

But if Rubin dies, Werksman said, the U.S. attorney's office will need to prosecute only one defendant, whose purported role in the case always has been more pronounced.

"Earl was on 80% of the [government's] tapes. He had a much more forward role in this so-called conspiracy," Werksman said of his client.

"From the government's standpoint, it makes the prosecution immeasurably simpler not to have to deal with Irv and his charges of being targeted," Werksman said.

As a result, he said, he might be forced to negotiate a plea agreement for his client instead of going to trial if Rubin dies.

Associated Press

SUSPECT: *Irv Rubin was charged in a plot to blow up a Culver City mosque and the office of a congressman.*

On Monday, Rubin was scheduled to appear in court on what Werksman said would have been a "watershed" hearing at which the defense was seeking any evidence of prior FBI investigations of the JDL.

Krugel, the JDL's West Coast coordinator, contends that he was the victim of illegal entrapment by a former JDL member-turned-FBI informant.

Rubin's defense team built its case around a claim of government bias against its client.

Rubin and Krugel face at least 35 years in prison if convicted.

Assistant U.S. Atty. Gregory Jessner said Tuesday that he would be willing to talk to Werksman about a deal.

Jessner said that if Rubin survives his injuries but incurs so much brain damage that he can't participate in his defense, the case against him probably will be dropped with the court's consent.

And if he survives but faces a lengthy period of recovery, then "he would probably get his wish and have trial of his case severed from Krugel's," Jessner added.

Rubin's lawyers had asked U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew for a separate trial, contending that the jury would be prejudiced because of racist comments made by Krugel during secretly recorded conversations with the FBI informant.

Lew was scheduled to hear arguments on that motion and others Monday morning.

After Rubin's injuries, the hearing was put off until Dec. 2. The trial was scheduled to begin Jan. 21.

Before Monday's incident, there had been seven suicides among inmates at the federal prison, opened in December 1988, according to Associate Warden Brian Hoyt.

Times staff writer George Ramos contributed to this report.

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, CA
Section/Page: B1

Date: November 6, 2002

Title: RUBIN IS SAID TO IMPROVE

Character or Classification

Submitting Office:
LOS ANGELES
CT-3

Mount clipping in space

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Los Angeles Daily News
Los Angeles, CA
Section/Page:

Date: **November 6, 2002**

Title: **RUBIN'S LIFE ONE OF CONFRONTATION**

Character or Classification

Submitting Office:
LOS ANGELES
CT-3

Indexing:

Rubin's life one of confrontation

Fiery JDL leader alienated himself from mainstream

By Sandra Marquez
Associated Press

A scrappy street-fighter who once exchanged blows with Ku Klux Klan members on "The Jerry Springer Show," Jewish Defense League leader Irv Rubin believed confrontation was the best defense against anti-Semitism.

But he alienated himself from the mainstream Jewish community with his tactics — including an alleged plot to bomb a mosque and the office of an Arab-American congressman which could have earned him life in prison.

On Tuesday, a day after his lawyers declared him "brain dead" following an apparent jailhouse suicide attempt, Rubin clung to life. A CAT scan showed signs of brain activity, and he was able to breathe on his own, his wife said.

"We are just happy that there is good news," said Shelley Rubin.

As the life of the 57-year-old activist hangs in the balance, so too does Rubin's legacy. His wife describes him as a "champion of the little people," who resorted to violence as a last alternative when civil rights were at risk. Critics recall him as an extremist who adopted a "with me or against me" stance.

"He is a mirror image of other religious motivated extremists. Except in this case, he is Jewish and American," said Brian Levin, director of the Center for the Study of Hate and Extremism at California State University, San Bernardino.

"He was sincere in his opposition to Nazism and the Klan. But he ended up being consumed by hatred of his own."

Rubin offered insight into his militant roots in a biography posted on the JDL's Web site.

As a boy growing up in Montreal, he encountered signs declaring "No dogs or Jews Allowed," posted outside of hotels and other businesses. He also endured taunts from French Canadian schoolchildren who teased him because he was Jewish. "It was here that Irv Rubin learned to fight back," the biography states.

In the four decades since he emigrated to the United States, Rubin's resume reads like a rap sheet.

In 1980, he was tried for soliciting the murders of "every Nazi in the United States" and was found not guilty, according to his biography.

In 1990, he heckled South Africa's Desmond Tutu during a visit to Pasadena because of the anti-apartheid leader's support for a Palestinian state.

In 1999, Rubin and his supporters clashed with Ku Klux Klan members in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. Later that year, he came to blows with Klan members on the Jerry Springer show.

By his own account, he has been arrested more than 40 times.

Levin, the professor of criminal justice, said Rubin was a "caricature" in some ways, but acknowledged that Rubin appeared to regard his role far more seriously.

"He really was concerned that the Jewish people would be annihilated and that we didn't have the luxury for my kind of (academic) approach," said Levin, who had a series of heated phone conversations with Rubin after he listed the JDL as a hate group on his university Web site.

Rubin slashes throat, tumbles

Staff and Wire Services

Jailed Jewish Defense League leader Irv Rubin slashed his neck and throat and plunged 18 feet from a balcony Monday, and his attorney said he was declared brain dead and put on life support.

Rubin, 57, accused of plotting to bomb a mosque and an Arab-American congressman's office, used a razor blade in the 6 a.m. suicide attempt and was in critical condition after undergoing surgery at an undisclosed hospital, U.S. Marshal's spokesman Bill Woolsey said. Attorney Peter Morris said Rubin's wife and two sons had been called to his bedside.

The militant Jewish leader had been scheduled to appear in court Monday for a hearing in his case. He and a second member of the militant group were arrested last year and were awaiting trial.

Rubin slashed his neck and throat with a razor and then fell or jumped from a balcony at the federal Metropolitan Detention Center as he and other inmates lined up for breakfast, officials said.

"There is no evidence at this point that it was anything but a suicide," Woolsey said.

Initially, hospital personnel told prosecutors and defense attorneys that Rubin had died in surgery, said Bryan Altman, also a Rubin attorney. Lawyers in turn told Rubin's family that he had died.

The FBI was investigating what it called a "crime in a government property," spokeswoman Laura Bosley said. She could not confirm that it was a suicide attempt.

Rubin's family alleged that Rubin had been attacked.

"My husband would never kill himself. This was a hit," said his wife, Shelley. "I saw my husband yesterday. He was just the same as before. He didn't say goodbye. He said I will see you in court tomorrow. He was fine."

Rubin and associate Earl Krugel were arrested Dec. 11 on charges of plotting to bomb the King Fahd mosque in Culver City and an office of Rep. Darrell E. Issa, R-Calif. Issa is the grandson of Lebanese immigrants.

A complaint against the two men quoted Krugel as saying during a meeting that Arabs "need a wake-up call."

Before his arrest, Rubin had lived in Monrovia. He once resided in the San Fernando Valley area and was known in the 1970s for his involvement in self-defense training and local demonstrations on behalf of the Jewish Defense League.

Alfred Beardsley, a longtime friend, said Rubin had become increasingly despondent recently as his legal proceedings dragged on.

Beardsley said Rubin told him in a letter that he'd rather die than remain in jail much longer, even as he continued to profess his innocence and to claim the government had a vendetta against him.

Rubin became "more and more depressed" and had lost more than 40 pounds while in jail, Beardsley said.

"I thought he'd stay and fight it out, that he'd be home for the holidays, but then there was another delay until January ... and he just gave up."

Rubin and Krugel were arrested after an FBI informant delivered an explosive powder that authorities believed was the last component in making pipe bombs. The charges carry up to 40 years in prison upon conviction.

Rubin, who by his own account has been arrested more than 40 times, joined the JDL early in the 1970s and quickly moved up, becoming chairman in 1985.

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Los Angeles Daily News
Los Angeles, CA
Section/Page:

Date: November 6, 2002

Title: RUBIN SLASHES THROAT, TUMBLES

Character or Classification

Submitting Office:
LOS ANGELES
CT-3

Indexing:

Mount clipping in space

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Los Angeles Daily Journal
Los Angeles, CA
Section/Page: 3

Date: November 6, 2002

Title: RUBIN'S KIN WANT TO SEE PROOF OF SUICIDE

Character or Classification

Submitting Office:
LOS ANGELES
CT-3

Rubin's Kin Want to See Proof of Suicide

By Susan McRae
Daily Journal Staff Writer

Family and colleagues of Irv Rubin said Tuesday that they want the government to produce a videotape of the Jewish Defense League president's attempted suicide in custody, because prison officials' story "just doesn't add up."

Rubin, who had been awaiting trial on charges of plotting to bomb a mosque and a congressman's office, remains at County USC Medical Center, where he is showing signs of brain activity, his wife reported.

Officials Monday said that Rubin slashed his throat and then ran and leaped over a prison railing during an early morning court lineup at Metropolitan Detention Center in downtown Los Angeles.

Rubin's condition at first appeared so dire that doctors didn't expect him to live, and in fact, word got out that Rubin had died.

The U.S. Marshal's Office, which has custody of inmates, later amended Rubin's condition to grave.

By Tuesday, Shelley Rubin reported that her husband had undergone a second CAT scan and showed signs of brain activity.

The FBI is investigating the incident as an attempted suicide.

"That seems to be pretty well-established at this point," FBI spokeswoman Laura Bosley said.

But Jewish Defense League spokesman Brett Stone said that Rubin's supporters want to see proof.

"We want to see the videotapes of the jail," Stone said. "I can't believe there aren't any video cameras in the common areas because what they are saying happened doesn't add up.

"Irv wasn't Superman," Stone said. "He's 56 and had a belly, even with the 50 pounds he lost."

Attorneys for Rubin and the government could not be reached for comment.

Stone said that the marshal's office allowed Shelley Rubin to visit her husband Monday evening and again

Tuesday. She reported that Irv Rubin was breathing on his own although he is connected to a respirator, Stone said.

> **'You don't slash your throat unless you are in a lot of pain.'**
>
> **Mark Werksman**
> Attorney

The doctors told Shelley Rubin they won't know the extent of her husband's injuries for several days until the brain swelling has subsided, Stone said.

Rubin was standing outside his cell block Monday, waiting to be transported to the U.S. Central District Courthouse for a hearing on his upcoming trial, when he cut his throat with a prison-issue razor and plunged over a railing, falling 18 feet to the floor below, U.S. Marshal's spokesman William Woolsey said.

Rubin, 56, and West Coast JDL Director Earl Krugel, 59, are charged with plotting to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and the San Clemente offices of Rep. Darrell Issa, a Republican of Lebanese descent. They have been held without bail at the Metropolitan Detention Center since their Dec. 12 arrest.

The hearing on Monday was to center on, among other things, Rubin's attempt to open FBI files on the 17-year-old pipe-bomb murder of a local Arab-American leader, Alex Odeh, as well as a separate FBI investigation of alleged threats against Rubin. Rubin's lawyer, Peter Morris, said that his client hoped to show that the FBI set him up because it couldn't nail him in the Odeh murder.

An FBI affidavit, filed by Special Agent Mary Hogan, stated that a confidential informant, later identified as Danny Gillis, contacted her about the unsolved Odeh case. During an interview, according to the affidavit, Gillis told her that Rubin and Krugel allegedly planned to bomb several Southern California Muslim targets.

Stone insists that Rubin was looking forward to the hearing and the chance to prove FBI entrapment.

But Mark Werksman, Krugel's attorney, said that he stands by his earlier statement that Rubin, as late as last week, appeared to both him and Krugel as "despondent and very anxious" about the case and that he had been that way since the beginning.

"You don't slash your throat unless you are in a lot of [mental] pain," Werksman said.

Rubin's Lawyers Seek Probe Into Fall

Faulting the FBI's findings, attorneys for the Jewish Defense League leader press for an independent investigation.

By DAVID ROSENZWEIG
Times Staff Writer

Accusing the FBI of bias, Irv Rubin's lawyers called Thursday for an independent investigation into the circumstances surrounding the Jewish Defense League leader's headlong plunge from a balcony at a federal detention center earlier this week.

In a letter to federal prosecutors calling for appointment of an independent investigative team, lawyers Bryan Altman and Peter Morris also asked for copies of any videotapes that might have captured what happened before Rubin went over the rail. The attorneys said the FBI was biased against their client.

Federal officials said there were no video cameras on the tier outside Rubin's cell.

Rubin, who was awaiting trial on charges of plotting to bomb a mosque and a congressman's office, tried to slash himself with a disposable razor and then dove 18 feet over a railing after being called out of his cell Monday, according to prison officials.

The FBI, which was called in to investigate the incident, said it had interviewed more than 15 guards and inmates who corroborated the account.

Matt McLaughlin, an FBI spokesman, said he would not respond to the charge of FBI bias. "About all we can say is that we have conducted a thorough investigation, the results of which show that Mr. Rubin attempted to commit suicide," McLaughlin said. "There is simply no information that this investigation has developed to contradict that."

Morris said that Rubin is a "devoted family man" and would have left behind a note to his wife and two sons if he had been contemplating suicide. No such note was found.

Rubin remained in a coma Thursday at County-USC Medical Center.

The U.S. attorney's office had no immediate response to the request for an independent probe.

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, CA
Section/Page: B3

Date: November 8, 2002

Title: RUBIN'S LAWYERS SEEK PROBE INTO FALL

Character or Classification

Submitting Office:
LOS ANGELES
CT-3

Indexing:

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/07/2002

[redacted] date of birth [redacted] was interviewed at the Metropolitan Detention Center where he has been employed as a Physician's Assistant [redacted] After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information: b6 b7C

On 11/4/02 [redacted] was working [redacted] That morning he responded to a body alarm on 5 South and saw inmate, Irving Rubin, lying on the floor full of blood but trying to get up. There were already other staff members there and Rubin was put onto a stretcher. [redacted] gave him oxygen but Rubin was being combative and pulling the oxygen off. Rubin said that he couldn't breath so [redacted] was trying to manually clear his airway with a sponge. Rubin was also repeatedly saying, "Let me die". [redacted] observed a wound on Rubin's upper eyebrow and his wrist appeared to be broken. Rubin was transported to the fourth floor infirmary and paramedics responded there soon after. [redacted] called White Memorial Hospital and was told by a nurse that they would accept Mr. Rubin as a patient but that they did not have a trauma center. Correctional Officer [redacted] went in the ambulance with Rubin as he was transported to County USC Hospital. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that he recalled Rubin from having given him his medicine in the pill line before. He recalled that Rubin had been prescribed Clonadine and Buspar for anxiety by Dr. Leonard, the staff contract psychiatrist. [redacted] recalled that in July or August of 2002 Rubin told him that he didn't want to take the Clonadine because it made his blood pressure drop. [redacted] stated that Clonadine is also used as an anti-hypertension medication. b6 b7C

Investigation on 11/7/02 at Los Angeles, CA (telephonically)

File # 90C-LA-232302-81 Date dictated

by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

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U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 90C-LA-232302

11000 Wilshire Boulevard #1700
Los Angeles, California 90024
(310) 477-6565
November 20, 2002

Metropolitan Detention Center
535 N. Alameda St.
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear SIA [redacted] b6 b7C

It is requested that the medical file for former inmate Irving David Rubin, BOP #20965-112, be provided to the FBI for the purpose of his death investigation. If you have any questins, please contact Special Agent [redacted]

Sincerely,

Ronald L. Iden
Assistant Director in Charge

By: [redacted] b6 b7C
Acting Supervisory Special Agent

3241501.1-et

90C-LA-232302-32

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 90C-LA-232302

Los Angeles, California 90024
November 15, 2002

VIA FAX (323) 225-2235

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Chief Medical Examiner/Coroner
County of Los Angeles
1104 N. Mission Road
Los Angeles, California 90033

Re: Irving David Rubin

Dear [redacted]

This is in reference to the incident involving Mr. Rubin on November 4, 2002 which occurred at the Metropolitan Detention Center (MDC) located at 435 N. Alameda Street, Los Angeles, California.

On November 4, 2002, FBI Los Angeles was requested to respond to the MDC to investigate a possible suicide attempt by Mr. Rubin. Special Agents of the FBI responded to the facility and met with the authorities of the Bureau of Prisons (BOP) concerning this matter. It is within the jurisdiction of the FBI to investigate crimes committed at Federal detention centers. These include investigating suicides and suicide attempts to determine if they are in fact homicides or attempted homicides. The FBI determines if a murder has been made to look like a suicide in an effort to protect a suspect.

As in all cases of this nature, the FBI has a normal process whereby evidence is gathered and witnesses are interviewed to make a determination if an incident is in fact a suicide. One of the normal procedures in cases such as this is to have an autopsy conducted on the deceased. This is to eliminate any possibility of foul play which cannot be ascertained through a doctor's or an agent's observation of the victim's body prior to an autopsy. FBI Investigations routinely

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90C-LA-232302-33
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rely on the Coroner's report. It is the position of the FBI and the Federal Government that an autopsy be conducted to complete the investigation.

Should the Los Angeles County Coroner's office decide to release the body of Mr. Rubin to his family prior to an autopsy being conducted, it is the intention of the FBI to take further appropriate steps to stop the release through the U.S. Attorney's office in Los Angeles. Please advise us of the course of action you intend to take.

Sincerely,

RONALD L. IDEN
Assistant Director in Charge

[redacted] b6 b7C

Acting Assistant Special
in Charge

CC: [redacted] Esq. b6 b7C
Deputy County Counsel
via fax (213) 687-8822

cc: SA [redacted] b6 b7C

FBI Los Angeles

From: [redacted]
To: [redacted] <los.angeles@fbi.gov>; [redacted]
Sent: Wednesday, November 20, 2002 7:34 AM
Subject: Fw: Message from Congressman Gary Mller

----- Original Message -----
From: [redacted] b6 b7C
To: "Congressman Gary Miller" <ca41ima.pub@mail.house.gov>
Sent: Wednesday, November 20, 2002 7:26 AM
Subject: Re: Message from Congressman Gary Mller

> Dear Congressman Miller,
>
> Thank you ever so much for the quick response. It is most appreciated.
>
> I am troubled, however, and I believe you should be as well, by the
> "official" line of the FBI, as reiterated below. There are some very
> pertinent issues that are not mentioned below, nor have the FBI and the
U.S.
> Marshals Office seem to have addressed.
>
> One, I knew Irv Rubin off and on for 30 years. Irv was a fighter. He was
> also a devout Jew, and devout Jews DO NOT commit suicide.
>
> Two, Furthermore Irv was about to attend a hearing that very morning that
> very well might have led to his being exonerated of all charges made
against
> him.
>
> Three, While he may have been "depressed" being in prison and being
denied
> bail (to me this was wrong, considering the government's "plea
bargaining"
> with scum like Robert Hanssen and Johnny Walker Lindh Taleban, and that
Irv
> was an honorably discharged veteran and a Conservative Republican to
boot),
> there were no indications Irv was in a suicidal mood.
>
> Four, What is very, very suspicious are the circumstances. You have a
> closely guarded facility, with guards everywhere - and all of a sudden a
man
> who has been denied bail, but is about to attend a hearing that very
morning
> slashes his throat with a razor, and when these so-called "guards" are
about
> to approach him, can jump off an railing 18 feet below.
>
> Five, This facility has cameras monitoring nearly every move of a prisoner
> in custody. Why then, has the FBI and the US Marshals denied every
request
> and demand of the Rubin family to provide the videos of the "suicide
> attempt".

> Congressman Miller, let me be very blunt here. If Irv were Black, not only
> would those videos have been turned over to the Rubin attorneys, but they
> would have been on KNBC and KABC within 48 hours...It has been over two
> weeks, and to me, it seems the FBI and the Marshals DO have something to
> hide. If Irv were Black, Jesse Jackson, your colleague Maxine Waters, Al
> Sharpton and Danny Bakewell would have had a field day. Remember how the
Ing

IS

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> lewood Policemen lost their jobs, even after they were merely responding
to
> a street thug.
>
>
> Six, As for the FBI and the Marshals - Wouldn't it be in their best
> interests to release the videos taken that morning. What are they hiding?
> and why is there this "coverup". If Irv did attempt suicide, which I
still
> find it hard to believe, then the release of the video would prove that -
if
> there was something else altogether, the video would prove that too. Why
is
> the FBI allergic to the calls for an "independent investigation" of this
> case???
>
> . We should have full disclosure and an
> immediate release of the video.
>
> I appreciate your comments, but if there is anyone that you could pass
this
> on to, or if you could provide me with those individuals that I would need
> to contact, it would be appreciated. I have written both Attorney-General
> Ashcroft's office and LA FBI Associate Director Ronald Iden's office, and
> have not even received the courtesy of a response. I hope you can help.
>
>
> Sincerely,
[redacted] b6 b7C

> ----- Original Message -----
> From: "Congressman Gary Miller" <ca41ima.pub@mail.house.gov>
> To [redacted]
> Sent: Tuesday, November 19, 2002 1:27 PM
> Subject: Message from Congressman Gary Miller
>
>
> > November 19, 2002
> >
> >
> >
> >
> >
> >
> > Dear [redacted] b6 b7C
> >
> > Thank you for contacting me regarding an investigation into Mr. Irv
> > Rubin's alleged suicide. I appreciate hearing from you.
> >
> > As you know, official reports claim that Mr. Rubin, national director of
> > the Jewish Defense League, cut himself with a razor, then leaped over a
> > railing at the Metropolitan Detention Center in downtown Los Angeles.
The
> > incident occurred just hours before he was to appear in U.S. District
> > Court for a hearing on charges that he had plotted to bomb a mosque and
a
> > congressman's office. After the on-site phase of their investigation,
an
> > FBI spokesman said there was no indication that Rubin's injuries were
> > anything but self-inflicted. This conclusion came after agents
> > interviewed more than 15 witnesses.
> >
> > Like you, I want law enforcement to thoroughly and accurately
investigate

> > the events surrounding Mr. Rubin's life threatening incident. However, as
> > a member of Congress I do not have jurisdiction over this matter. The
> > responsibility to enforce the law is held by local law enforcement
> > officers as supervised under the judicial branch of government. However,
> > please be assured that I understand the importance of this case, and I
> > will continue monitor the progress of this investigation as additional
> > information comes to my attention.
> >
> > Again, thank you for contacting me on this issue. Please let me know how
> > I may continue to be of service to you in the future.
> >
> >
> >
>

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1374493-0

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[redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C

December 14, 2001

Special agent in charge of the JDL case
FBI - Federal Bureau of Investigation
Federal Building / Wilshire Blvd.
Westwood, CA 90024

Re: Arrest of JDL activist Irving Rubin for terrorist activities.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed you will find the copy of a newsletter [redacted] It is self-explanatory. As far as I know, no one was ever called to account for this crime, and I never did hear from any of the law enforcment agencies in the aftermath.

I still stick by my way of not accusing anybody of anything wrong that I cannot prove, but in the light of several run-ins with Irv Rubin which we have had over the years, and the fact that he seemed to be close to numerous terorists acts in the past (even if not convicted!) it might behoove you to also ask Mr. Rubin now about the arson of our offices in June of 1985 while he is still in your custody*.

Sincerely,

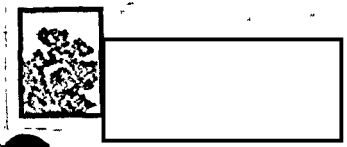
[redacted]

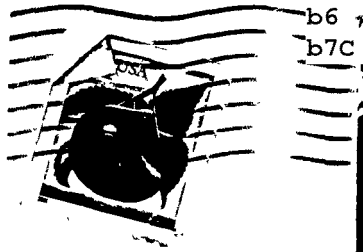
b6
b7C

* I doubt that he will be there long, judging by the special treatment persons of certain groups can count on when in conflict with American law.

[redacted]

b7E





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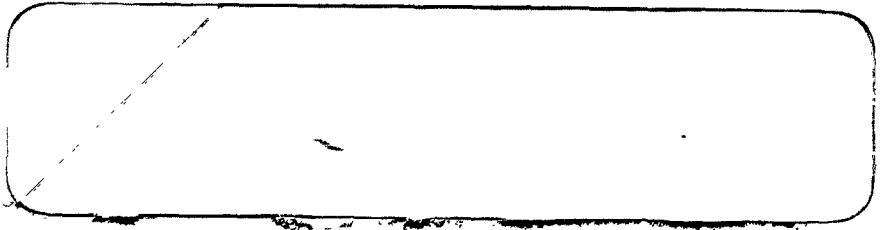
NSD-6



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GERMAN-AMERICAN NATIONAL P[illegible]CAL ACTION COMMITTEE, P.O. BOX [illegible], Santa Monica, CA. 90401

GANPAC BRIEF

JULY 1985 No. 31 A monthly newsletter, written by Hans Schmidt

GANPAC OFFICES 'HOLOCAUSTED' *

HEAVY DAMAGE. JDL CALLERS CLAIM CREDIT

GANPAC is the only federally registered Political Action Committee defending and representing the interests of the 52 million Americans of German descent, this nation's largest minority. It is GANPAC's aim to solicit contributions to support political candidates of our choice; to fight the constant defamation of all things German by the American newsmedia (especially television), to inform the American public of the great contributions by the German-Americans to the growth of this nation, and to help create a better society for all.

* hŏl'ocaust, *n.* whole burnt-offering; (fig.) wholesale sacrifice or destruction.

(Grolier's dictionary)

Dear Members and Supporters, dear friends of liberty:

In the night from June 4th to June 5th, 1985, the office building in which GANPAC has its official headquarters, was attacked by "professional" (i.e. they knew what they were doing!) arsonists. There is little doubt that our organization was the target.

The most interesting aspect of the whole matter, from a long-range political view, is the fact, that the attack on GANPAC was a non-event as far as the American news media was concerned. Above, you truly see a "headline you never saw". Just imagine the front-page headlines and stupendous articles (and T.V. news reports) we would have been inundated with if one of the 71 Jewish PACs had been attacked in a like manner...

Ironically, the NEW YORK TIMES did carry an article on a terrorist attack that occurred in Pakistan (!) on the very day that it ought to have told the American people of this dastardly deed in Santa Monica. So much for the paper that prides itself to give you "all the news that's fit to print".

GANPAC was able to continue its services uninterrupted, although - quite obviously - we were and are burdened with additional work and problems the like we could do without. Our material losses were small when compared with those of the other tenants in the building, one of whom may have lost as much as $50,000 worth of electronic equipment. Our sympathies are with these people.

All those intimately connected with GANPAC came out of this experience much stronger than before. Our determination to fight for the truth, for a better and more just future, and for the rights of ALL 52 million German-Americans, has not been weakened.

I first heard of the arson attack from a UPI reporter who called me at approx. 4:10 am (!) to tell me of a "bombing and fire" at our HQ. He wanted to know my reaction, and also my comment in regard to the alleged JDL callers. [An interesting note: All reporters I talked to on that day put very much emphasis on the "JDL connection", and therefore also THE "Holocaust". As if that was really the "raison d'être" for the existence of GANPAC and other strong German-American organizations.]

Upon verification that the office building had really been attacked, we immediately called the other news services, the major local newspapers, the TV stations and also the Santa Monica police (to have a squad car stand by - - just in case - -), and agreed to be interviewed at the site. Numerous reporters, two TV stations and the police did show up. The questions of all reporters were fair and to the point, except for the (possibly suggested) emphasis on the JDL. My personal emphasis was on the fact that GANPAC is the <u>only</u> strictly political organization fighting for 52 million German-Americans. There was every reason to believe that at least one of the TV interviews (ABC) would be shown on the evening news.

Alas, the matter was pretty well kept within local confines. I was told that UPI sent the essence of the 4:00 am interview out on their wire-services, and this probably accounted for the fact that numerous all-news radio stations across the nation broadcast news of the attack throughout most of the day. I received confirmation from GANPAC members in the South, in the Midwest and on the East Coast. I also was informed that CNN news did show a short film clip.

Nevertheless, the question must be asked why this undoubtedly terrorist attack did not receive more widespread coverage. And why did Channel 7 (ABC) in Los Angeles show a film of the burned-out interior of the building but not the interview with me? [Christine Lund, the Swedish-descent local newscaster on Channel 7,had to state that "the German-American National PAC is an organization that denies that the 'Holocaust' has taken place". - - The LOS ANGELES TIMES reporter quoted me more correctly!].

It is my personal conjecture that the American Jewish leadership cannot, at this time (i.e. after Bitburg) afford the negative fallout deriving from this type of news, and that soon after the UPI story went out,everything was done to prevent a widespread dissemination of the news. The "JDL" questions asked by the reporters were merely following the pattern set in the past, when this type of news always received greatest attention since intimidation of heretics (and would-be heretics) was the aim. But now the situation has changed (something few reporters were aware of) and for the first time in decades the Jewish leaders have to assume a defensive rather than an aggressive stance, even in regard to doubters of the Holocaust tale.

The effectiveness with which the GANPAC arson story was withheld from the American people proves what (still) so many people in the United States doubt, namely the existence of some sort of conspiracy to manipulate ALL the news through a tight control of the American (and world-?) media. I am sure that someday we'll find out how that was done and who had been responsible for it.

A word of caution: Although the callers to UPI claimed to have been JDL'ers, one ought NOT to accept this as an established fact. I am a stickler for the truth in matters of WW2, and dislike hearsay. The same holds true for this story. While I do not doubt that the JDL could have done it (they are aggressive, irrational, hysterical and emotional enough), I also know that the likes of Irv Rubin are not stupid. And to attack a German-American organization at this time (after Bitburg, when the mood of the American people swings toward us!) was stupid. Really, we don't know who did it.

Before we start to blame the editors of the nearly 2,000 American "small-town" newspapers for not publishing the news of the cowardly attack on GANPAC HQ, we ought to realize that most of them probably never heard of it. Many can only afford one wire-service, and that is generally Associated Press (AP). If neither AP, the New York Times, the Washington Post nor the Los Angeles Times print a story,then it simply didn't happen. The American press of today is more "gleichgeschaltet" and controlled by a very few, than was the press of "Nazi" Germany under Dr. Goebbels. (With this big difference: Dr. Goebbels was honest enough to admit his/their control!).

We informed the FBI, the FEC, the Civil Rights Commission and other possibly "interested" agencies of the event. We will keep you posted as to the outcome. We appreciate all the help you can give us to inform the American people of this attack. (Remember, printing, postage and ads do cost money!).

Perhaps as a result of the fire-bomb attack or because our BRIEFS are now much more widely read, GANPAC suddenly receives much attention from people whose recognition we could do without. One of them is liberal national columnist Jack Anderson. If by chance you see GANPAC (and "Hans Schmidt") mentioned in Anderson's column, don't take his statements too seriously. Just consider the source.

As expected, we had quite a response to both our May and Juni Briefs. Particularly since we mailed copies to most of the major American daily newspapers. For us it seemed odd to read the kind of double standard some of these people seem to be imbued with: The very editor who goes to any length to describe an "incident of war", such as the so-called "Malmedy massacre",as proof of the brutality of the German soldier (and especially the Waffen-SS), will gloss over the real massacre of young German soldiers after capture as something "naturally to be expected". "After all, our boys did get carried away from time to time.."

This kind of response or thinking necessitates more than ever our announced intention to "even the scales" in regard to WW2 by informing the American people of Allied war crimes. To restate our position: WE MUST "AUFRECHNEN" ("settle accounts"), even if it hurts the sensitivities of some people. Those of you who ordered these GANPAC BRIEFS and otherwise support our organization,know our stand that the two wars between the U.S. and Germany should never have been fought in the first place. Once the wars had broken out, neither Germans nor Americans had any choice but to heed the call to the colors, and fight for their nation "right or wrong". Even voluntary enlistment does not -in retrospect- create any special "guilt" for any soldier in the war who did his duty. But we absolutely must set the record straight as to what really happened, and -for history's and our descendant's sake- insist on getting a fair hearing for ALL Germans.

The fact that some people (especially those of the American intelligensia)cannot bear the thought that their whole (1945) world view is being challenged through these new revelations, should not hinder us from stating them. Eugene H. Methvin, a senior editor of the READER'S DIGEST, delved into this problem in his article 20TH CENTURY SUPERKILLERS (NATIONAL REVIEW, 5/31/85), and I will quote the following paragraph:

> "The psychoanalytic pioneer Harry Stack Sullivan coined the terms "selective inattention", and "security operations" for such phenomena: A person who feels that his security, dignity, hopes, and self-esteem are tied to one set of concepts or feelings will evade or shut his mind to contrary evidence. If we believe in and long for universal peace and utopia, we will tend to evade or ignore facts that seem to make them an "impossible dream".

One could wish that Harry Stack Sullivan (or Mr. Methvin) had used the so-called "Holocaust" for an example. For many people in the Western world, Jews and non-Jews alike, that tale has become such a psychological crutch that they will be lost without it, once the truth is known. (I am not a psychiatrist but I do know that some individuals need bad images or real or imagined past sufferings to create a sense of sanity, and give them the strength "to go on".)

My statement in the JUNE BRIEF that there are tremendous philosophical, ethical and moral differences between Christian-Western and Jewish thought, was again confirmed through the following paragraphs from a column by Mike Royko, the CHICAGO TRIBUNE journalist: [4/20/1985]

> "By 1945 (Jerome Glickman) was a company commander in the 5th Infantry Division dashing from the Normandy beaches toward Germany.
> Now his unit was supposed to take a German town. Glickman was leading his company across an open field, toward the rubble of the town's buildings, when the Germans opened fire. The fighting was fierce...In Glickman's company 20 young men died. Glickman felt something slam into his chest, his stomach and leg. (Soon) he was on his way back to the United States for a long stay in a hospital and a 40-per-cent disability pension.

(Glickman) sometimes thinks about the day when he and other young men moved across the field near a small town in Germany and 20 of them died.
He thought about them this week when, for the first time since that day in 1945, he saw the name of that little town in a newspaper. Bitburg.
That's ... where President Reagan is going to lay a wreath in a gesture of "reconciliation". It's the cemetery where about 50 members of the Waffen-SS, the elite guard of the Nazis, are buried. And that's a gesture that has Glickman in a cold rage.
"Damn it, I got my ... shot off there. All those good kids in my outfit died there."
"And now this... this character is going there to lay a wreath?"
"If he does that, if he lays a wreath at Bitburg, then I'll tell you what I am going to do... I'm going to return my Silver Star to him, and my Purple Heart, and all the other stuff I got over there."
"And he can take it all and shove it right up his..."
"And one more thing. It's not because I am Jewish. I don't give a damn if he ever goes to Dachau. But I just don't want any American president laying any wreaths at Bitburg. There is too much of our blood on that ground."

To me, an ex-soldier, it seems incomprehensible that a former combat soldier could hold such a position as is apparent in Glickman's utterances. I was wounded twice (once badly), and I could never hold that against the Russian soldiers who caused my wounds. It was war. They did their duty, as I did mine. Perhaps the German defenders of Bitburg should have held their fire once Jerome Glickman and his company appeared on the scene? Alas,they didn't know that Glickman was Jewish and would hold a grudge for the rest of his life. Would they have surrendered if they had known that?

Compare Glickman's stand with that of the Bitburgers interviewed by American newsmen. They really like Americans. They don't want the fine relationship that exists between them and their U.S. friends destroyed by hate and misplaced emotions. But then, dear GANPAC BRIEF readers, remember that Bitburg was nearly totally destroyed in an American air raid on Christmas of 1944, and that many (I read somewhere "500") civilians got killed then. Who has real cause for hate and resentment, Glickman or the Bitburgers?

So far I didn't meet one "gentile" American who didn't blame the Jewish leadership for the Bitburg affair. And that is not only the logical result of the company I keep. Remember, I do get around much, and I always make it my business to draw others into a conversation.

However, incredible as it may seem, the "little Jews" are still being told that some sort of public outcry by the American people as a whole, and U.S. veterans in particular, was heard the moment the president had announced his plans to visit the Bitburg cemetery. And, judging by copies of letters-to-the-editor, written by Jews, that have in the meantime come into our possession, many of these poor, misguided people really believe that.

In this context I feel I must quote California Congressman Henry A. Waxman, who wrote the following in his column "CAPITOL SPOTLIGHT"(5/3/85):

"I have yet to meet a single member of Congress who does not believe the Bitburg visit inexcusable. Newspaper editorials and radio talks shows do not reflect any support for the trip from any segment of the population."

Perhaps Rep. Waxman ought to change his name to Schmidt and speak with a still noticeable German accent; then most American would feel free to voice their true opinions. Does Waxman really believe what he wrote there? Doesn't he know or realize that no "freely elected" legislator of the U.S. Congress (or of many state legislatures, for that matter), would dare voice their honest dissent to a Jewish collegue, if that dissent were against Jewish interests? Such things are said only behind closed doors, when no "spies" are around. Everybody in Congress knows what happened to Paul Findley, Pete McCloskey, Senator Percy and others...

Commentary

By Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum, A Seven Arts Feature

The Nazi SS Cancer In Modern Germany

IT WAS an exasperated telephone call from an Australian Christian attending a business convention in Munich.

During his free time, he went on a tour to Southern Bavaria. He was brought to Nesselwang, nearby Oberammergau. What he saw appalled him. There in the Hotel Krone, a resort inn, he saw several hundred nazi SS troops assembled in celebration. They were members of the First Tank Corps of Hitler's SS "elite." They all wore their nazi uniforms, with swastika armbands. Inside the hotel, there were framed portraits of Adolf Hitler, around which they gathered to pay homage.

They had come not only from thoughout Germany, but from the United States, England and South America. A number of them drove up to the hotel in three World War II Tiger tanks. Inside, swastika flags adorned the walls.

My Australian caller was terrified by what he had seen. The Bitburg cemetery controversy, with its indirect homage to the 49 Waffen SS troops, underscored for the Australian caller the seriousness of the moral issue of efforts to deny the monstrous evil they represent.

What to do? Based on this first-hand report, I have sent an aide-memoire to the Foreign Ministry of the West German Government, asking what steps they are prepared to take to curtail this annual SS obscenity.

If Chancellor Kohl seeks genuine reconciliation with America—as do we—it simply will not do to ignore this vivid presence of the SS cancer which contradicts everything a modern Germany stands for.

B'nai B'rith Messenger 5/17/85

To the left you'll find an almost incredible article by Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum, the very same Jewish leader who was mentioned by the W. German QUICK magazine as being one of the pillars of Jewish power in the United States.
Read this article carefully. Don't laugh. Tanenbaum, while probably lying through his nose, is deadly serious when he tells such tales to his gullible and uninformed brethren. They are taught to hate!
I have been an avid reader of Tanenbaum's column for years, and I know that the rabbi knows that:

a) the public display of the swastika is legally forbidden in Germany through Jewish instituted laws (and that includes the wearing of WW2 original medals showing the forbidden symbol),
b) no Waffen-SS veteran would dare to consider to appear in his old uniform at a veterans meeting,
c) in all of Germany there exists -to the best of my knowledge- only one Tiger (or Panther, or Koenigstiger, or Mark IV) tank, and that is in the possession of the Bundeswehr.

The rabbi has been in Germany often, most recently (June 8), he spoke before 18,000 Evangelical Church leaders, admonishing them to demonstrate solidarity with Israel. One of his fellow speakers was the current W.German president. I wonder whether Tanenbaum told them the same tale you read here. Well, it is always good to start a speech with a joke; even if it is a bad one.

A comment on the MENGELE case: What a pity for the self-righteous "Nazi hunters" that Mengele gave them a slip through his untimely death. There went months of media hype and ever more "Holocaust" propaganda. The Mengele story restored my faith in the Germans. Every member of that closely knit clan deserves a medal for sticking together all these years, and remain silent in the face of great organized adversity.

AT&T: Many Americans are now complaining about their telephone service, and that is the direct result of the AT&T break-up. But who knows that we can blame Hitler for it? The judge who ordered the break-up is a "Holocaust survivor" (well, sort of..), and couldn't leave well enough alone.

Bitburg: The "Stalingrad" for Jewish power and control in the United States?

Some people misunderstand what "Stalingrad" really meant during WW2. No doubt it was a great defeat for the Wehrmacht, and from hindsight we know that "Stalingrad" meant the greatest extension of the Third Reich, with a steady, albeit 2-year long, retreat commencing almost immediately. But we must also realize that the end of this heroic battle did not immediately mean the definite defeat of the Reich. Had the Germans, for instance, developed their V-2's sooner, and progressed on atom bombs further, the war might have had a different outcome altogether.

We now know that "Stalingrad" was the point of no return for the Reich and only thusly should my allegory between Stalingrad and Bitburg be understood. Perhaps the most important result of Bitburg from the vantage point of today is the fact that American Jewish leaders have (unwittingly?) offended many Americans through their "anti-Bitburg" actions, with Elie Wiesel setting the worst example during a ceremony at the White House. And this in turn led to an alienation of -perhaps- all Jews from the mainstream of America. Nobody knows as yet what the final outcome of this affair will be in the long run. Reading Jewish papers, I am horrified to see the total miscomprehension and misjudgement of what really transpired.

* In this context a word of caution to the leaders of the American Right
* (i.e. the true patriots) is in order: Don't ever ask your enemies for
* unconditional surrender! Learn from the fallacies of Roosevelt, Churchill
* and their good friend Stalin. Even after the most brutal war there comes
* a time of peace (or semi-peace, as now), where you will have to deal on
* a civilized basis with some of your former enemies.
* Calls for unconditional surrender always strengthen the enemy's resolve,
* creates greater unity among them, and increases one's own losses unnecessarily, without commensurate benefits.

TWA airplane hijacking: The recent hijacking of a TWA L-1011 at Athens airport, and the subsequent taking of American hostages by Shiite militiamen in Lebanon, again proved what I have been stating before: From now on Jewish leaders will make one serious mistake after another! The insistence by Israel that the United States Government formally ask the Israelis for the release of the over 700 Shiite men held hostage by the Jewish state, in order to effect the release of the Americans, cannot be construed otherwise. Everybody knows that -particularly in world politics- once you ask someone else for a big favor, you owe him a bigger one. And this is especially true any time you deal with the forever persecuted minority, either here or in the Middle East.
There is little doubt, whatever the outcome of the hijacking affair, and in spite of the insistence of high American officials, including the president, that there is no connection between the holding of the American hostages by the Shiites, and the illegal incarceration of Shiites in Israel, the close relationship between the United States and Israel has been seriously damaged.

The "40 year" connotation: "Bitburg" would never have happened if some fanatical Jews had not made a big issue of it (and if they didn't have such control over the news media that enabled them to create that "hype"). The deep, perhaps subconscious, cause for it all may have been the mystical belief in biblical prophecies which speak of 40 years as the time of trial, of probation and renewal. And once these fanatics applied this thesis to Germany, and saw the possibility that the Germans awaken from their 40-year "Dornroeschenschlaf" ("Sleeping Beauty sleep"), they became frantic. The result, by now a self-fulfilling prophecy, was really inevitable. As a logical follow-up to the above we must consider that Israel will be 40 years old in 1988. Does that mean a serious break with history for all of us? Perhaps another 1945?

The Vatican: So far very few Americans have heard of the 6/24/85 Vatican document on relations between Christians and Jews. I advise those interested to get a copy from the nearest Catholic diocese. The document was immediately attacked by major Jewish leaders because in it the Vatican regards the Jewish state merely as just another nation/political entity without a special meaning to Christians. Now we understand the Jewish efforts in behalf of some of the well known American T.V.preachers better: The aim was all along to usurp the "Christian Holy Land" idea, and create the "State of Israel, holy for all Christians and Jews", with the latter obviously having a priestly status.
The Vatican's statement on the so-called Holocaust also came under fire. It merely stated: "Catechesis [verbal instruction] should on the other hand help in understanding the meaning for Jews of the extermination during the years 1939-1945, and its consequences." No mention of "six million", no use of the word holocaust...

German reparations and payments of tribute: The GERMAN INFORMATION CENTER, 410 Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10022,(212)888-9840, has issued a May 1985 report on the "Wiedergutmachung" ("restitution"). According to the report W. Germany has so far paid over DM (Deutsche Mark) 70 billion, and incurred future obligations of another DM15,7 billion, most of it to Israel and the Jews. It bears mention that, just as in the case of the U.S., much of the real German wealth that flows to Israel is hidden somewhere else. German universities get research grants which they channel to the Jewish state, Israel is considered an "underdeveloped nation", and skims major funds through this scheme, and for all we know there may be the same racket as here where state and municipal governments, industry and unions,and even pension funds are being coerced to purchase Israel bonds.

Elie Wiesel: Elie's horror museum is making progress. The old building near the Washington Monument has been torn down, and we assume that construction of the museum will begin soon. In spite of the fact that the main hall or rotunda will be in the form of a Star of David, no religious connotation is (supposedly) intended. The museum's completion is planned for the spring of 1989, possibly just in time for Hitler's 100th birthday. [Don't blame me: I just state the facts and put two and two together!].
Elie is also busy forming a new West German-American group whose aim it is to "bear witness together"...and "open new avenues" of understanding between the two countries (Germany and the U.S. or Germany and Israel? In the case of Elie one must wonder!). We at GANPAC will offer our cooperation in getting at the bottom -and the truth- of the many untenable"Holocaust" claims. Do you think EW will accept our offer?

Once again, "thanks for everything". As I travel about the nation, and meet some of you, I am becoming ever more optimistic about our future. It is people like you that constitute the backbone of this nation, and -in a greater sense- of our old civilization. I am proud of you!

Sincerely,

Hans Schmidt, National Chairman GANPAC

7/85

The GANPAC BRIEF appears monthly. Subscription rates are $25 per annum ($15 for Students and Social Security recipients). Back issues from July 1983 to June 1985 are available at $1 per issue. Mailing address: GANPAC, P.O.BOX 1137, Santa Monica, CA. 90401

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RESTRICTED-DO NOT USE FOR EMPLOYMENT,LICENSING OR CERTIFICATION PURPOSES
ATTN:COMMERCE LA BNE CATC G EDGINTN

CII/A04725173
DOB/19421124 SEX/M RAC/WHITE
HGT/505 WGT/145 EYE/BRO HAI/BRO POB/MI
NAM/01 KRUGEL,EARL LESLIE

FPC HENRY
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19720913 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #2124733 1190710-K
  CRIMINAL CONSPIRACY
19720915
 DISPO:REL/DET ONLY/ADMISS EVIDENCE INSUFF
   COM: 12303, 3 PC CONSP TO INJURE WITH DEVICE
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19730409 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710K 2390844
  242 PC-BATTERY
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COURT: NAM:01
19730517 CAMC LOS ANGELES METRO

CNT:01 #31441149
  242 PC-BATTERY
 DISPO:1377/1378 PC-DISCHARGED/CASE COMPROMISED

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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19771026 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #4572759 1190710-K
12303.3 PC-USE/ETC EXPLO/ETC/DVICE:INT:INJ/ETC
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19771115 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710-K 4598101
602(J) PC-TRESPASS:INJURE PROPERTY
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19780403 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710-K 4767379
404.6 PC-URGE RIOT OR DESTROY PROPERTY
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COURT: NAM:01
19780824 CAMC LOS ANGELES METRO

CNT:01 #31594458
404.6 PC-URGE RIOT OR DESTROY PROPERTY
DISPO:ACQUITTED/NOT GUILTY
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19820624 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710K 6690706
415(1) PC-FIGHT/CHALLENGE FIGHT PUBLIC PLACE
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ARR/DET/CITE: NAM:01
19821219 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710-K 6920577
403 PC-DISTURBANCE/ETC AT ASSEMBLY
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19851220 CAPD LOS ANGELES

CNT:01 #1190710K 8367132
166.4 PC-DISOBEY COURT ORDER/PROCESS
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M BRO BRO 6-1 200 CD 4-12-1945

SN# 569 74 6566

RUBIN: IRVING SEYMOUR

ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	DEPARTMENT AND NUMBER	NAME	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
ALIAS: IRVING DAVID RUBIN; IRVING SEYMORE RUBIN; IRVING R. RUBIN; IRV DAVID RUBIN;				
5-7-71	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/1529324	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	594 PC,MAL MISCH	5-28-71,594 PC (2C & 415 PC DISM;"J" CONV 602J PC,PG 90 SUSP;24MOS S/PROB RESTN.
2-9-72	PD EL MONTE 1 DR 26882	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	217 PC,ASLT W/INT ATT. MURDER	
5-16-72	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/1981874	IRVING RUBIN	182 PC,242PC & 240 PC,CONSP TO COMMIT BATT M.WARR	
9-13-72	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/2124736	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	182 PC 12303.3PC CONSP TO COMM INJ W/ DEST DEVICE	9-15-72,REL ADMISS EVID INSUFF
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11-13-75	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/3658312	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	148 PC INTERFERING	12-29-75,CA REF TO CA HEARING
10-26-77	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/4572680	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	12303.3 PC USE EXPLOSIVE DEVICE FEL	
11-15-77	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009R/4598103	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	602J PC TRESP	
4-3-78	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009/4766904	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	653F PC SOL SPECIFIED CRIM ACTS,FEL	
8-21-79	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/5361058	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	664/447A PC ATT ARSON FEL	8-23-80,664/447A PC FEL,REL,849.5 PC, DEEMED NOT ARR,DET ONLY
9-16-79	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/5390638	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	594PC MISD VANDALISM	
11-9-79	SO LOS ANGELES 5455049	IRVING R. RUBIN	416 PC REFUSE TO DISPERSE	
6-24-82	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/6690710	IRV DAVID RUBIN	415.1 PC FIGHT/ CHALLENGE FIGHT PUB.PL.	415A PC & 647A PC,DA/C REJECT 2-2-83,#P004054,JD#194 602J PC,ACQ.;CONV.415 IMP.SENT.SUSP,12 MOS. PROB. 1-17-85,CONV.SET ASIDE & DISM.PER SEC.1203.4 PC
— —		CONTINUED PAGE 3		

ENTRIES INDICATED BY ASTERISK (*) ARE NOT VERIFIED BY FINGERPRINTS IN CII FILES.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
P. O. BOX 13417, SACRAMENTO

The following CII record, NUMBER 4 368 668 **IS FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY**

PAGE 3

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ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	DEPARTMENT AND NUMBER	NAME	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
12-22-82	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/6924248	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	71PC,THRT SCL OFF EMP	12-30-82,71 PC,REL. 849B(1) PC,DEEMED NOT ARR,DET.ONLY,FURTHER INVEST.
12-20-85	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/8367072	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	166.4PC CONT OF CRT:DISOBEY CRT ORDER/PROC	
3-6-92	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/2971591	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	187(A) PC, MURDER	187(A)PC,REL.849B(1)PC, DET.ONLY,FURTHER INVEST

ENTRIES INDICATED BY ASTERISK (*) ARE NOT VERIFIED BY FINGERPRINTS IN CII FILES.

ARREST REPORT

BKG. NO. 4572680 | LOC. BKD. VNY | DRV. LIC. NO. [redacted]531759 | STATE CA

J# [redacted] LA# 1095-009

ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE): RUBIN IRVING DAVID | ALIAS NO

ADDRESS: 624 S. LaBrea #209 | CITY: LA | SEX: M

DESCENT	HAIR	EYES	HEIGHT	WEIGHT	BIRTHDATE	AGE
W	BR	BR	601	200	4-12-45	30

VEH. LIC.: NONE | STATE | R.D.: 1521 | AKA/NICKNAME: NONE

BIRTHPLACE (CITY & STATE/COUNTRY): X CANADA | PROCESSING UNIT: CCS | JUV. DETAINED AT: ADULT | ADD. CHG.

AREA/DIV./DET. ARRESTED: PUID INV | DATE & TIME ARRESTED: 10-26-77 0105 | TIME BKD: 0240

ADDITIONAL CHARGES (ON ADD. WARRS. LIST NO., COURT & BAIL INC. P.A.): W/S 1/1

LOCATION OF ARREST: Coldwater Cyn & Oxnard St | BAIL/BOND: $5000.00

TYPE: F | CHARGE (SECTION, CODE, DEFINITION): 12303.3 PC USE EXPLO DEV | WARRANT NO.

TYPE: M - MUSD, F - FEL, O - OTHER | ARRAIGN DATE | TIME | COURT

LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED: 12840 VICTORY BL | R.D.: 1521

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.: 569 74 6567 | OBSERVABLE PHYSICAL IDENTIFIERS: NONE | OCCUPATION/GRADE: ADMINISTRATION

EMPLOYER (NEAREST NAME, CITY & PHONE) / SCHOOL: JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE | 10 yrs | SPECIAL MEDICAL PROBLEM: NONE | EVID.: YES

CLOTHING WORN: brn shoes blu pnts & sht | EXACT LOCATION/DISPOSITION ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE: OXNARD & COLDWATER | HOLD FOR:

LIST CONNECTING ARTS BY TYPE & IDENTIFYING NOS.: CRIME # PROP JAMIE DR #2 | VEHICLE USED (YEAR, MAKE, MODEL, TYPE, COLORS, LIC. NO., ID MARKS): 73 MERC 2 DR HDTP BLU | PASSENGERS: M 3 F 0

COMPLAINANT'S (CP) OR WITNESS' (W) NAME & ADDR. OBTAINED BY WHOM OR TRANSFD: N/A | DRIVING VEH. DIRECTION & NAME OF STREET AT OR BETWEEN STREETS: E/O VICTORY BLVD.

CODE: V - VICTIM (FIRM NAME & BUSINESS) W - WITNESS P/A - ARRESTING PRIVATE PERSON | ON JUVENILES ONLY: P - BOTH PARENTS G - GUARDIAN

NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE) & AGE OF VICTIM IF OTHER THAN ARRESTEE	ADDRESS	CITY	PHONE	X
V BETH SAR SHALOM	12 [redacted] VICTORY BLVD.	N. Hlywd.	-	

AT THE TIME THIS REPORT WAS COMPLETED, IS VICTIM STILL ALIVE? Y | IF NOT, DATE OF DEATH | TAPE RECORDED? | PHOTOS OF SCENE (EXCEPT BKG.): Y | OF VICT. Y | OTHER PHOTOS: N

ADMONITION of RIGHTS (when applicable): THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT WAS READ TO THE ARRESTEE: "You have the right to remain silent. If you give up the right to remain silent, anything you say can and will be used against you in a court of law. You have the right to speak with an attorney and to have the attorney present during questioning. If you so desire and cannot afford one, an attorney will be appointed for you without charge before questioning."

THIS ADMONITION WAS READ TO THE ARRESTEE BY: (NAME & SERIAL NO.)

SUPERVISOR (SERIAL NO.) | BOOKING OFFICER (SERIAL NO.): PUID | WATCH/SQUAD: PAST

USE CONT. SHEET FOR NARRATIVE (AS PER INSTRUCTIONS ON BACK OF THIS PAGE) | BELOW SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATOR

COMMENTS OF INVESTIGATOR - IF REFERRED, INCLUDE NAME OF AGENCY AND REASON ACCEPTING REFERRAL

11 ☐ C&R	12 ☐ 654 WIC/F.W.D.	13 ☐ PROBATION	14 ☐ DEPT. MENTAL HEALTH	INVESTIGATING OFFICER SER. #
11 ☐ ACTION DISP.	15 ☐ COMMUNITY SERVICE	16 ☐ OTH LAW ENF AGY	14 ☐ DPSS	
11 ☐ PROVED ADULT	15 ☐ PRI	16 ☐ JUV. INST. (CDC)	☐ OTHER:	SUPERVISOR APPROVING SER. #
11 ☐ DISM. - INNOCENT	15 ☐ CYA	17 ☐ RELEASE		

☐ ADMTL ☐ DRUGS | ADULT RELEASED AT ARRESTEE | IN PRISON 1/74? YES NO | DATE & TIME OF RELEASE | DIST. COORD. NOTIFIED SER. #

LAPD 05.02.0 (1-76) Page 1A of booking slip — ARREST REPORT

b6 b7C

b6 b7C

CONTINUATION SHEET

Los Angeles Police Department

PAGE NO.	TYPE OF REPORT	BOOKING NO.	DR NO.
2	ARREST - ADULT	SEE ABOVE	77-6710394

ITEM NO.	QUAN.	ARTICLE	SERIAL NO.	BRAND	MODEL NO.	MISC. DESCRIPTION (E.G. COLOR, SIZE, INSCRIPTIONS, CALIBER, REVOLVER, ETC)	DOLLAR VALUE

[redacted] - 12303.3 P.C. b6 b7C

HEYDEL, EARL LESLIE - 4572259 - 12303.3 P.C.

RUBIN, ERVING DAVID - 4572680 - 12303.3 P.C.

SOURCE OF ACTIVITY

INVESTIGATORS IN THE AREA OF VICTORY BLVD AND COLDWATER CANYON OBSERVED A 1972 MERCURY, LICENSE [redacted] CONTAINING THREE MALE OCCUPANTS, CRUISING A CLOSED CIRCUITOUS ROUTE AT A LATE AND UNUSUAL HOUR. b6 b7C

ALLEGATIONS

INVESTIGATORS OBSERVED THE ABOVE VEHICLE MAKE NUMEROUS PASSES IN FRONT OF AND BEHIND THE BUSINESS LOCATED IN THE 12800 BLOCK OF VICTORY BLVD. ON THE FOURTH PASS THE VEHICLE STOPPED IN FRONT OF 12810 VICTORY BLVD., BOTH SIDE DOORS OPENED. INVESTIGATOR OBSERVED THE OCCUPANT SEATED IN THE RIGHT FRONT OF THE VEHICLE LATER IDENTIFIED AS ARRESTEE [redacted] b6 b7C THROW AN UNKNOWN ITEM TOWARD THE FRONT OF THE BUSINESS STRUCTURE. IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER THERE WERE THREE EXPLOSIONS IN THE VICINITY OF THE FRONT DOORS AND WINDOWS OF THE BUSINESS LOCATION. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE EXPLOSIONS THE ABOVE VEHICLE ACCELERATED FROM THE SCENE OF THE CRIME.

SEARCH

INVESTIGATORS SEARCHED THE VEHICLE CONTAINING

Los Angeles Police Department

CONTINUATION SHEET

PAGE NO.	TYPE OF REPORT	BOOKING NO.	DR NO.
3	ARREST - ADULT		27-651034

ITEM NO.	QUAN.	ARTICLE	SERIAL NO.	BRAND	MODEL NO.	MISC. DESCRIPTION (EG. COLOR, SIZE, INSCRIPTIONS, CALIBER, REVOLVER, ETC)	DOLLAR VALUE

THE THREE SUSPECTS, FINALLY STOPPING AT OXNARD ST. AND COLDWATER CANYON. THE THREE SUSPECTS WERE REMOVED FROM THE VEHICLE AND PLACED UNDER ARREST FOR 12303.3 P.C. USE OF EXPLOSIVE DESTRUCTIVE DEVICE. IT WAS DETERMINED THAT ARRESTEE [redacted] WAS SEATED IN THE RIGHT FRONT SEAT, AND RUSIN WAS SEATED IN THE RIGHT REAR SEAT.

b6
b7C

Evidence

INVESTIGATOR [redacted] REMAINED AT THE SCENE OF THE EXPLOSIONS AND SECURED THE REMNANTS OF THE EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. INVESTIGATOR [redacted] OBSERVED A BAGGIE WITH ATTACHED BRASS KNUCKLES, AN AMMO CONTAINER, LYING ON THE RIGHT FRONT FLOORBOARD OF THE SUSPECTS VEHICLE. ALL EVIDENCE BOOKED AT LAW ENFORCEMENT PROPERTY

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b7C

S.I.D. WAS SUMMONED TO THE LOCATION AND TOOK CHARGE OF THE CRIME SCENE.

Booking

THE THREE ARRESTEES WERE TRANSPORTED TO VAN NUYS JAIL AND BOOKED ON THE ABOVE CHARGE ON THE ADVICE OF INVESTIGATOR [redacted]

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b7C

VEH PARKED AT SCENE OF ARREST

LOS ANGELES CONSOLIDATED BOOKING FORM

PAGE 1

BOOKING AND IDENTIFICATION RECORD

BOOKING NO. 457-2680 | LOC. ARR. VNY | DR LIC. NO. P531759 | STATE CA

FBI # | CII # | SYS ID # (Add other page is removed) | LA

ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST FIRST MIDDLE): RUBIN IRVING DAVID | MT NO

ADDRESS: 624 S. LaBrea #209 | CITY: LA | SEX: M

DESCENT	HAIR	EYES	HEIGHT	WEIGHT	BIRTHDATE	AGE
W	BR	BR	601	200	4-12-45	30

VEH LIC. NO: NONE | STATE | RD: 1521 | AKA-NICKNAME: NONE

BIRTHPLACE (CITY & STATE): X CANADA | PRES. INV. UNIT: CCS | JUV DETAINED AT: ADULT | AD CHG

AREA, TEAM OR DIV. DET. ARREST'G: PDID INV | DATE & TIME ARRESTED: 10-26-77 0105 | TIME BKD: 0240

LOCATION OF ARREST: Coldwater Cyn & Oxnard St | BAIL INC PA: $5000.00

TYPE | CHARGE (SECTION, CODE, DEFINITION) | *WARRANT NO
F | 12303.3 PC USE EXPLO DEV

* TYPE: M - MISD, F - FEL, O - OTHER | ARRAIGN. DATE | TIME | COURT

LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED: 12840 VICTORY BL | RD: 1521

SOCIAL SECURITY NO: 569 74 6567 | OBSERVABLE PHYSICAL OCCITIES: NONE | OCCUPATION/GRADE: ADMINISTRATION

EMPLOYER (FIRM OR PERSON'S NAME, CITY & PHONE) /SCHOOL: JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE | HOW LONG EMPLOYED: 10 yrs | SPECIAL MEDICAL PROBLEM: NONE | EVID.: YES

CLOTHING WORN: brn shoes blu pnts & sht | EXACT LOCATION DISPOSITION ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY NOTIFY: NAME, RELATIONSHIP, ADDRESS, CITY & PHONE: NONE

ADULT MISD NON-WARR'S ONLY	HOW LONG ABOVE RES	HOW LONG IN CALIF	# DEP'S	M MARRIED, S SINGLE, D DIVORCED, SEP SEPARATED

ARRESTING OFFICER | SER # | BC

TRANSPORTING OFFICER: SAME | SER #

RETAINED $9.29 CASH | ACCEPTED FOR SAFEKEEPING $120.00 | PB# 588241 wallet;keys;y/m chain & medal;

PAGE 1 - LAPD 05.01.0 (5/75)

*WARRANTS - LIST THE FIRST WARRANT IN THIS ORDER: MOST SERIOUS CHARGE, COURT, WARRANT # (# MUST BE IN BOX PROVIDED)

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b6
b7C

LOS ANGELES CONSOLIDATED BOOKING FORM — INVESTIGATOR'S FINAL REPORT

BOOKING # 577680 | COUNTY WHY | P831759 | STATE CA

DR# 77-651037 | LAN 1095009-R

ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE): RUBIN IRVING DAVID | AKA NO

ADDRESS: 624 S. LaBrea #209 CITY LA | SEX M

DESCENT W | HAIR BLK | EYES BRN | HEIGHT 601 | WEIGHT 200 | BIRTHDATE 4-12-45 | AGE 30

VEH LIC NO NONE | STATE | R.D. 1521 | AKA/NICKNAMES NONE

BIRTHPLACE (CITY & STATE) X CANADA | PROBATION UNIT CCS | JUV. DETAINED AT ADULT | AD CHG.

AREA/DIVISION DIV./DET. ARRESTING PDID INV | DATE & TIME ARRESTED 10-26-77 0105 | TIME RLSD 0240

LOCATION OF ARREST Colchester Cyn & Goodard St | BAIL INC PA $5000.00

TYPE F | CHARGE (SECTION, CODE, DEFINITION) 12303.3 PC USE EXPLO DEV | WARRANT NO

TYPE: M-MISD. F-FEL. O-OTHER | ARRAIGN. DATE | TIME | COURT

SOCIAL SECURITY NO. 569 74 6562 | OBSERVABLE PHYSICAL DEFECTS NONE | OCCUPATION/GRADE ADMINISTRATION

EMPLOYER (FIRM OR PERSON'S NAME, CITY & PHONE) / SCHOOL JEWISH DEFEISE LEAGUE | 10 yrs | SPECIAL MEDICAL PROBLEM NONE | EVID. YES

CLOTHING WORN brn shoes blu pnts & sht | EXACT LOCATION/DISPOSITION ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY NOTIFY (NAME, RELATIONSHIP, ADDRESS, CITY & PHONE) NONE

* DISPOSITION OF BOOKING CHARGE

1 FEL. COMPLAINT FILED (ORIG. CHG.)
1 REL. COMPLAINT FILED (OTHER CHG.)
2 MISDEMEANOR COMPLAINT FILED
5 X D.A. REJECT
6 X C.A. REJECT
9 849 (b) (1) PC (INC. 48 HR. RELEASES)
0 X OTHER.. DESCRIBE IN "EXPLAIN ACTION TAKEN" SPACE

* ADDITIONAL ACTION(S)

UNRELATED FELONY WARR. SERVED
UNRELATED MISD. WARR. SERVED
D.A. REFERRAL (NO FELONY)
X D.A. REFERRAL 17 (b) (4) PC
BYPASS 17(b) (4) PC .. APPROVAL
BYPASS APPROVED BY (SIGNATURE):
X C.A. HEARING

* RELEASE FROM LAPD CUSTODY

X FEL BAIL / WRIT OUT — GIVE DETAILS IN BAIL/WRIT INFO SPACE
849 (b) (1) PC / 825 PC — CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE ISSUED OR REL WT SENT
TO OTHER AGENCY: ISSUE CERT. IF NON-WARRANT RELEASE. AGENCY
DATE 10-27-77 TIME

* DETAINED AT NOT

CII# 4 368 668

ADDITIONAL CHARGES (ON ADD WARRS LIST NO., COURT & BAIL INC PA.)

LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED 1240 VICTORY BL | R.D. 1521

[redacted]

ADDITIONAL OCCUPATIONS PRINTER | UNION/LOCAL NO. | SPA RELIEF NO

PREVIOUS JOBS & EMPLOYERS U.S. POST OFF. | CHECKS CASHED AT UNK.

CREDIT REFERENCES (NAME & LOCATION) | UNEMPLOYMENT OFFICE SHERMAN WY. | DATE & TIME PAID

SCHOOL ATTENDED PIERCE J/C | NAME & ADDRESS OF SCHOOL CHILDREN CURRENTLY ATTEND

PREVIOUS ADDRESS (INCLUDE OTHER CITIES) 5811 COOLBROOK. MONT. CANA | BARBER OR BEAUTY SHOP

BAIL / WRIT INFO

CURRENTLY ON: ☐ PAROLE ☐ PROBATION (FOR FEL.) ☐ PROBATION (FOR MISD.) ☐ PRISON PASS (2690 PC) ☐ BAIL ☐ WRIT ☐ O.R. (ON PENDING MISDEMEANOR CASE)

PAROLE OR PROBATION OFFICER'S NAME | ADDRESS | TIME SERVED | OFFENSE | LOCATION | TIME SERVED

CLUBS, ORGANIZATIONS, HOBBIES JEWISH DEF. LG | HANGOUTS

ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE (YEAR, MAKE, BODY STYLE, COLOR, LIC. NO., STATE, VEH. ID NO.) 73 CHEVY VAN [redacted] | UPDATED AKA - NICKNAME USED

EVID. BKD? ☑ YES ☐ NO | RELEASE TO: ARRESTEE ☐ | HOLD - REASON:

OTHER DISPO. OR EVID. BKD. TO THIS ARREST. COMPLETED PROP. DISPO CARD FORM 10.6 ATTACHED (DESC. BOX) ☐

EXPLAIN ACTION TAKEN: CASE HIT FOR 0174-9 HEARING. 12-2-77 DV

CRIMES CHARGED, WARRANT OR COMPLAINT NOS.: C.A. HEARING FOR 57.50.01 LAMC (FIRECRACKERS)

DIVISION: ISD CCS | DATE OF REPORT: 10-31-77

BY (NAME) | DATE & TIME AUTHORIZATION RECD.

LAPD 05.100 (2-77) | INVESTIGATOR'S FINAL REPORT | On Misd. releases, fill in only boxes marked with *

b6
b7C

b6
b7C

PAGE 2

INVESTIGATOR'S FINAL REPORT

Military Service

SER AE/C 7[redacted]6

SPECIALTY PRIVATE

DISCHARGE DATE 4-6-70

Uses Narcotics

Degree of Cooperation

Demeanor at time of Arrest

Gun

300 Amputee

301 Deformed

302 Tattoo

303

303 Tattoo (cont.)

304 Facial Scars

305 Facial Oddity

307 Teeth

308 Body Scars

309 Speech

311 Eyes

312 Hair Type

312 3131

314 Facial Hair 3145 3148

315 Ears

316 Nose

317 Face 3173

318 Complexion 3183

319 Other:

YES

NEGATIVE

NO

Def is a member of the JDL he and two other members of the JDL Carl Kanagel and [redacted] threw 3-11-80 firecrackers onto the sidewalk in front of an ecumenical religious center, The Beth Shalom at 12540 Victory Blvd No Hwd. In the past the JDL has harassed other Christian Jewish Centers in the Los Angeles Area.

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ARREST REPORT

BKG. → 2124736 | LOC BKD | JD | DRV. LIC. NO. P531759 | STATE Calif

J # | LA # 1095009-R

ARREST #- 72-622 153

ARRESTEE'S NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE)	M.T.
RUBIN, IRVING SEYMOUR	No

ADDRESS	CITY	SEX
17418 Septo,	Northridge, Calif	M

DESCENT	HAIR	EYES	HEIGHT	WEIGHT	BIRTHDATE	AGE
Cau	brn	brn	6-0	200	4-12-45	27

VEH. LIC. NO	STATE	R.D	AKA / NICKNAME
None		152	IRV

BIRTHPLACE (CITY & STATE)	PROD. INV. UNIT	JUV. DETAINED AT	AD CHG.
Montreal, Canada	CCS	N/A	

DIVISION & DETAIL ARRESTING	DATE & TIME ARRESTED	TIME BKD.
CCS	9-13-72 1245	1515

LOCATION OF ARREST: 630 S Olive

TOTAL BAIL, INC. PA.: None

TYPE | CHARGE (Section, Code, Delinquency): F 12303.3 PC Consp to Injure | 182 PC to commit | WARRANT NO.: w/Dest Device

TYPE (M - MISD, F - FEL, O - OTHER) | ARRAIGN. DATE | TIME | COURT | LOCATION CRIME COMMITTED | R.D.

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	OBSERVABLE PHYSICAL ODDITIES	OCCUPATION / GRADE
None	none vis	Offset Pressman

EMPLOYER (Firm or Person's Name, City, & Phone) / School	SPECIAL MEDICAL PROBLEM	EVID.
Unemployed N/A	none	no

CLOTHING WORN	EXACT LOCATION/DISPOSITION ARRESTEE'S VEHICLE —	Hold for:
brn shoes, blk pts, maroon shirt	none	

LIST CONNECTING RPTS. BY TYPE & IDENTIFYING NOS.	VEHICLE USED (Year, Make, Model, Type, Colors, Lic. No., ID Marks) —	Passengers: M	F
Evidence Report under above	1969 CHEV. EMP. GOLD.	5	

COMPLAINTS/EVID OF ILLNESS/INJ. - BY WHOM TREATED

DRIVING VEH. (Direction & Name of Street) AT OR BETWEEN STREETS

CODE: V - VICTIM (FIRM NAME IF BUSINESS) W - WITNESS **ON JUVENILES ONLY:** P - BOTH NATURAL PARENTS G - GUARDIAN

NAME	ADDRESS	CITY	PHONE	Y

b6
b7C

ADMONITION of RIGHTS (when applicable) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT WAS READ TO THE ARRESTEE: *"You have the right to remain silent. If you give up the right to remain silent, anything you say can and will be used against you in a court of law. You have the right to speak with an attorney and to have the attorney present during questioning. If you so desire and cannot afford one, an attorney will be appointed for you without charge before questioning."*

THIS ADMONITION WAS READ TO THE ARRESTEE BY (NAME & SERIAL NO.):

		VACATION DATE
		10-15/30
		10-6/15

b6
b7C

USE CONT. SHEET FOR NARRATIVE (AS PER INSTRUCTIONS ON BACK OF THIS PAGE) - - - - BELOW SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATOR

COMMENTS OF INVESTIGATOR - INCLUDE WHEN REFERRED, NAME OF AGENCY, AND PERSON ACCEPTING REFERRAL.

WITNESS LIST CONTINUED ON 15.9

☐ C & R ☐ Exon. - innocent ☐ PFI ☐ Other law enf. agency ☐ Admits
☐ Action Susp ☐ Exon. - insuf. evid ☐ CYA ☐ Juvenile inst. (misd.) ☐ Denies
☐ Proved / adult ☐ Social Agency ☐ Probation ☐ Other

Prior Record ☐ YES ☐ NO

INVESTIGATING OFCR.	SER NO / DIV.	ADULT PRESENT AT INTERVIEW	IN PERSON INTERVIEW ☐ YES ☐ NO	DATE & TIME (If in person)	SUPERVISOR APPROVING	SER. NO.

[redacted] b6 b7C

On 9-12-72, 2230 hours, an explosive device constructed from galvanized pipe and an undetermined explosive substance was placed in the shrubery on the north side of the apartment building located at 845 North Harvard Avenue. This device was detonated and dispersed pipe fragments into the apartment building and surrounding area. Shrapnel and the explosive force breached an eight inch diameter hole in the exterior wall adjacent to the bathroom of Apartment No. 5. Shrapnel also penetrated the wall at numerous places within a 20 foot diameter of point of detonation. Some of the shrapnel shattered the bedroom window of Apt #5 in which two small children (Victims #1 and #2) were sleeping.

Investigation disclosed that Apt #5 was occupied by [redacted] (Victim #1) and her friend, [redacted] (Victim #4), at the time of detonation. It was further determined that [redacted] is the wife of [redacted] who on 6-16-72 became involved in an altercation with members of the Jewish Defense League, while taping a television interview show at KTLA Channel 5. As a result of this fight, a City Attorney's hearing was held on 7-25-72, 10:00am. During the hearing, [redacted] were required to divulge their addresses. Irving RUBIN, [redacted] Earl KRUGEL, [redacted] all of whom are members of the JDL organization, were identified as the battery suspects. b6 b7C

Officers were informed by [redacted] that on 9-12-72, at approximately 1330 hours, she observed a 1969 gold Chevrolet Impala northbound on Harvard park across the street from 845 North Harvard. The passenger entered the apartment patio and appeared to look around the apartment area. As he was leaving, he stopped and looked at the mail boxes. Then he got back into the vehicle which made a U-turn and left south bound on Harvard. At 1530 hours, she saw the same vehicle with two Male/Caucasians drive northbound on Harvard, make a U-turn in the park parking lot and leave southbound on Harvard. As the vehicle passed the apartment at 845 N. Harvard, the men in the vehicle looked toward the direction of the apartment. The passenger was described as M/Cauc, tall, med build, brn hair. Investigation also revealed that [redacted] was visiting friends at 832 N. Harvard and at approximately 2215 hours, he and others in the house heard an unusual noise outside. When he went out to investigate he observed a gold 69 Chevrolet southbound on Lemon Grove, enter the intersection and back into a red b6 b7C

(CONTINUED)

zone on the north side of the apartment building at 845 N. Harvard. As [redacted] approached the corner he observed a M/Cauc run to the vehicle getting into the passenger side. The vehicle made a right turn on to Harvard and speed off southbound with the vehicle lights out. When the vehicle was approximately a block away, [redacted] heard an explosion at the apartment. When [redacted] examined the blast damage to the apartment building, he noted it was adjacent to where the vehicle had been parked. b6 b7C

[redacted] observed a gold 69 Chevrolet Impala speeding southbound on Harvard from Lemon Grove just prior to the explosion. b6 b7C

While officers were conducting their investigation at the scene, they were informed by [redacted] of Hollywood Station that a [redacted] had received a phone call at 0010 or 0015 hours from an unidentified Male voice that stated, "An Arab's house in Hollywood has been bombed! This was because of the INCIDENT WHICH OCCURRED IN Munich. Never Again, Never Again." Caller then hung up.

Officers had received prior information that RUBIN, a member and spokesman of the JDL, was interviewed over Channel 5 KTLA on Wednesday, September 6, soon after the murder of the Jewish athletes in Munich, Germany. At that time, Mr. RUBIN stated that he had been in contact with other militant Jews and that there would be acts of reprisal taking place in this country against Lebanese persons and their property. Because of this implied threat, investigating officers conducted a surveillance on JDL member [redacted] the person they thought would be most likely to commit violent acts. b6 b7C

On 9-6-72, at approximately 1040 hours, officers observed RUBIN pick up [redacted] at his residence, [redacted] At that time [redacted] was carrying an M-80 9MM Semi-automatic rifle which has the same general appearance of a sub-machine gun but which is a semi-automatic weapon. [redacted] was observed to place the gun into the trunk of RUBIN's vehicle. Officers followed them to the JDL headquarters at 5887 West Pico Boulevard. At that location, OFFICERS OBSERVED RUBIN [redacted] meet [redacted] and other JDL members.

On this same date, at apprximately 1630 hours, officers under the direction of Investigator [redacted] attended the demonstration at the Lebanese Consul, 6331 Hollywood Bouleavrd. They had photographs taken of the JDL demonstrators and noted that RUBIN appeared to be the spokesman and leader of the demonstrators. [redacted] Earl KRUGEL, [redacted] among others were observed standing with unloaded rifles at the demonstration. Also officers observed [redacted] driving a 1969 gold Chevrolet, Lic [redacted] b6 b7C

Officers showed approximately 30 photos of JDL members to [redacted] She picked out the pictures of [redacted] and stated they looked like the men she had seen in the 1969 gold Chevrolet on 9-12-72. These photos were also shown

to [redacted] separately and they picked a picture out of [redacted] and stated that he looked like the man they had seen at approximately 2000 hours in the apartment patio looking into apt #5. Officers also showed the photos to [redacted] She also had seen a man standing in the apartment patio and looking in the direction of apt #5. He then left through the back of the apartment building. She picked out a picture of [redacted] and indicated that he appeared to be the man she saw. b6 b7C

After officers had received information regarding the 1969 gold Chevrolet, they assigned officers to surveil [redacted] went to [redacted] residence on 9-13-72, at 0900 hours, and located [redacted] vehicle parked in the alley near [redacted] apartment. At 1055 hours, [redacted] and [redacted] were observed to get into [redacted] vehicle, 1969 gold Chevrolet, LIC [redacted] and drive to the JDL headquarters at 5887 West Pico Blvd. At that location they were seen to contact and have conversations with Irving RUBIN, Earl KRUGEL and [redacted] all known members and leaders of the JDL. They were observed to enter [redacted] vehicle and leave the location. b6 b7C

At approximately 1230 hours, investigators informed [redacted] that [redacted] had been tentatively identified as the bombing suspects and that they along with RUBIN, KRUGEL and [redacted] should be arrested. Sgts. [redacted] followed suspects into the Pershing Square garage, where with the assistance of other officers, the defendants were arrested. b6 b7C

Defendant's vehicle was removed to Parker Center and kept under surveillance while investigators obtained a search warrant.

Subject booked on the above on the advice of [redacted]

CS.09.001(10-70)

Los Angeles Police Department

ARREST DISPOSITION REPORT

BOOKING NO.	ARRESTEE'S NAME (Last, first, middle)			LA#
212 4736	RUBIN, Irving Seymour			109 5009-R
BIRTHDATE	DATE & TIME ARRESTED	DIV. ARRESTING	DIV. BKG. (If different)	CII# 4368668
4-12-45	9-13-72 1245	CCS	CCS	
CHARGE (Section, Code, Definition)		☐ Misd. ☒ Felony		FBI#
182/12303.3 P.C. (Consp.to injure w/dest device				

IF NO COURT APPEARANCE— HOW RELEASED: 849B (3) PC. DETENTION ONLY ..... 849B (2) PC. INTOXICATION .....
(If released under 849B (1) PC. also check reason below):
ASCERTAINABLE EVIDENCE INSUFFICIENT. ..... ADMISSIBLE EVIDENCE INSUFFICIENT. ✓ ARRESTEE EXONERATED.....

COMPLAINANT REFUSES TO PROSECUTE. ..... FURTHER INVESTIGATION ..... OTHER .....

RELEASED TO ANOTHER AGENCY..... (SHOW NAME & LOCATION):

REMARKS:

DATE RELEASED	DATE THIS REPORT	OFFICER REPORTING (NAME & SERIAL NO.)
9-15-72	9-15-72	

b6
b7C

IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE-TRUE NAME OF DEFT., AS ON COMPLAINT	DATE OF DISPOSITION	COURT CASE NO.

IF MORE THAN ONE CHARGE OR COUNT INVOLVED, SHOW APPROPRIATE INFORMATION FOR EACH, INCLUDING ANY REDUCTIONS

FINAL CHARGE(S)	DISCHARGED—SHOW AND REASONS, IF ANY:	"J" HOW CONVICTED:	DISPOSITION OR SENTENCE	CONVICTED STATUS
	DISMISSED	PG		FELONY
	NOT GUILTY	PNC		MISD
	BAIL FORF.	JURY		REDUCED
	OTHER	COURT		SEC. 17 PC
	DISMISSED	PG		FELONY
	NOT GUILTY	PNC		MISD
	BAIL FORF	JURY		REDUCED
	OTHER	COURT		SEC. 17 PC
	DISMISSED	PG		FELONY
	NOT GUILTY	PNC		MISD
	BAIL FORF	JURY		REDUCED
	OTHER	COURT		SEC. 17 PC

FD-71 (Rev. 3-27-95)
Complaint Form

NOTE: Hand print names legibly; handwriting satisfactory for remainder.
Indices: ☐ Negative ☐ See below

Subject's name and aliases	Character of case
IRV RUBIN.	JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE
	Complainant ☒ Protect Source: ANONYMOUS
	Complaint received: ☐ Personal ☒ Telephonic Date 01/23/2002 Time 9:38 am
Address of Subject	Complainant's address and telephone number
	Complainant's DOB / Sex: Female

Subject's Description						
	Race	☐ Male	Height	Hair	Build	Birth date and birth place
	Age	☐ Female	Weight	Eyes	Complexion	Social Security Number
	Scars, marks and other data					

Employer / Address / Telephone

Vehicle Description

Facts of Complaint

PROTECT SOURCE

b6
b7C
b7D

b7E

IA

(Complaint received by)

BLOCK STAMP

b6
b7C

MB

023kte01-71

b6
b7C
b7D

PROTECT SOURCE

FBI, Los Angeles
Domestic Terrorism Squad, NSD-6
11000 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1700
Los Angeles, California 90024
(310) 477-6565

LOS ANGELES TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM

CLASSIFICATION:

- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☒ UNCLAS

PRECEDENCE:

- ☐ IMMEDIATE
- ☐ PRIORITY
- ☒ ROUTINE

TO: U.S. Department of Justice

ATTN: AUSA [redacted] b6 b7C

FAX #: (202) 514-8336

FROM: SA [redacted] FBILA

TEL: (310) 477-6565

SUBJECT: Criminal History

 # OF PAGES SENT (INCL. COVER PAGE): 6

DATE: 5/13/02

COMMENTS:

PH/cwt

[redacted] b7E

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
P. O. BOX 13417, SACRAMENTO

FBI#291 801 J3
SN#569 74 6567
OL#531759
OL# P 531 759
IS FOR ~~OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~

The following CII record, NUMBER

4 368 668

0 1 U 101 8
M 17 U 011 11
26G

M BRO BRO 6-1 200 CD 4-12-1945

SN# 569 74 6566

RUBIN: IRVING SEYMOUR

ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	DEPARTMENT AND NUMBER	NAME	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
ALIAS: IRVING DAVID RUBIN; IRVING SEYMORE RUBIN; IRVING R. RUBIN; IRV DAVID RUBIN;				
5-7-71	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/1529324	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	594 PC,MAL MISCH	5-28-71,594 PC (2(& 415 PC DISM;"J" CONV 602J PC,PG 9(SUSP;24MOS S/PROB RESTN.
2-9-72	PD EL MONTE 1 DR 26882	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	217 PC,ASLT W/INT ATT. MURDER	
5-16-72	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/1981874	IRVING RUBIN	182 PC,242PC & 240 PC,CONSP TO COMMIT BATT M.WARR	
9-13-72	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/2124736	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	182 PC 12303.3PC CONSP TO COMM INJ W/ DEST DEVICE	9-15-72,REL ADMIS: EVID INSUFF
12-20-73	SO LOS ANGELES 2716576	IRVING D. RUBIN	182 PC CONSP	1-10-74,DA REJ VICTIM UNAVAIL DECLINE TO PROSEC
12-31-74	PD EL MONTE 1 DR 26882	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	485 PC THEFT STLN PROPERTY	
11-6-75	PD SIMI VALLEY I 75 00543	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	647G PC PROWLING	11-10-75,DA REJ LACK PROB CAUSE INCL LACK EVID

CONTINUED PAGE 2

ENTRIES INDICATED BY ASTERISK (*) ARE NOT VERIFIED BY FINGERPRINTS IN CII FILES.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
P. O. BOX 13417, SACRAMENTO

The following CII record, NUMBER 4 368 668 IS FOR ~~OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~

26G PAGE 2

ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	DEPARTMENT AND NUMBER	NAME	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
11-13-75	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/3658312	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	148 PC INTERFERING	12-29-75,CA REF TO CA HEARING
10-26-77	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/4572680	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	12303.3 PC USE EXPLOSIVE DEVICE FEL	
11-15-77	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009R/4598103	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	602J PC TRESP	
4-3-78	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009/4766904	IRVING SEYMOUR RUBIN	653F PC SOL SPECIFIED CRIM ACTS,FEL	
8-21-79	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/5361058	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	664/447A PC ATT ARSON FEL	8-23-80,664/447A PFEL,REL,849.5 PC, DEEMED NOT ARR,DET ONLY
9-16-79	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/5390638	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	594PC MISD VANDALISM	
11-9-79	SO LOS ANGELES 5455049	IRVING R. RUBIN	416 PC REFUSE TO DISPERSE	
6-24-82	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/6690710	IRV DAVID RUBIN	415.1 PC FIGHT/ CHALLENGE FIGHT PUB.PL.	415A PC & 647A PC,DA/C REJECT 2-2-83,#P004054,JD#194 602J PC,ACQ.;CONV.415 IMP.SENT.SUSP,12 MOS. PROB. 1-17-85,CONV.SET ASIDE & DISM.PER SEC.1203.4 PC
--		CONTINUED PAGE 3		

ENTRIES INDICATED BY ASTERISK (*) ARE NOT VERIFIED BY FINGERPRINTS IN CII FILES.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
P. O. BOX 13417, SACRAMENTO

The following CII record, NUMBER 4 368 668 **IS FOR ~~OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~**

294

ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	DEPARTMENT AND NUMBER	NAME	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
12-22-82	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/6924248	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	71PC,THRT SCL OFF EMP	12-30-82,71 PC,REL. 849B(1) PC,DEEMED NOT ARR,DET.ONLY,FURTHER INVEST.
12-20-85	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009 R/8367072	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	166.4PC CONT OF CRT:DISOBEY CRT ORDER/PROC	
3-6-92	PD LOS ANGELES 1095009-R/2971591	IRVING DAVID RUBIN	187(A) PC, MURDER	187(A)PC,REL.849B(1)PC, DET.ONLY,FURTHER INVEST

ENTRIES INDICATED BY ASTERISK (*) ARE NOT VERIFIED BY FINGERPRINTS IN CII FILES.

(01/26/1998)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 06/12/2002

To: Los Angeles

From: Los Angeles
NSD-6

Approved By: [redacted]

Drafted By: [redacted] :mph

Case ID #: [redacted] Pending)
(Pending)

b3
b6
b7A
b7C
b7E

Title: UNSUB(S); BOMBING OF THE
AMERICAN-ARAB ANTI-DISCRIMINATION
COMMITTEE OFFICE (ADC),
1905 EAST 17TH STREET,
SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA; 10/11/85;
ALEXANDER MICHEL ODEH-VICTIM (DECEASED);
EID;
OO: LOS ANGELES

IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREATS TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
OO: LOS ANGELES

Synopsis: Inmate [redacted]

Attachments: 1) One copy of a letter addressed to [redacted] 2) One copy of a letter addressed to [redacted] (or [redacted]; 3) One copy of letter addressed to [redacted] 4) Color copies of computer assisted drawings of a ammonia tank and truck metal detection unit; and 5) One summary of review of [redacted]

b3
b6
b7C

Details: On 10/11/1985, a bomb exploded at the office of the ARAB AMERICAN ANTI-DISCRIMINATION COMMITTEE (ADC) Office, 1905 East 17th Street, Santa Ana, California, killing the Western Regional Director, ALEXANDER MICHEL ODEH.

It was determined that ODEH was killed as he opened the office door, the same modus operandi utilized in previous bombings believed to be connected to the JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE

[redacted]

b7E

b3
b7A
b7E

(JDL). Items recovered from the blast site included two galvanized pipes, portions of a nine-volt Duracell battery, a kitchen timer, multi-strand steel wire, duct tape and fragments of burned aluminum foil. The primary suspects in this investigation are [redacted] and [redacted]

b6
b7C

Current investigation: On 06/12/02, writer visited the Federal Correctional Institute (FCI), Victorville, California where [redacted] is presently incarcerated with a projected release date of 2021. Pursuant to a federal Grand Jury Subpoena [redacted]

b3
b6
b7C

[redacted] provided writer with copies of the above referenced three letters and four computer assisted drawings drafted by [redacted] One of the drawings is titled "ammonia tank". Copies of the drawings will be forwarded to NSD-7 Bomb Technicians for information and review.

b6
b7C

The letters are addressed as follows:

1) [redacted]

2) [redacted]

3) [redacted]

b6
b7C

To: Los Angeles From: Los Angeles
Re: [redacted] 05/17/2001

b3
b7A
b7E

[redacted]

The letter to [redacted] included a copy of computer assisted drawings titled "Truck Metal Detection Unit". The letters to [redacted] appear to be written in Hebrew. Writer will facilitate the translation of these letters into English. [redacted] are not known to FBI Los Angeles.

b6
b7C

◆◆

(Rev. 08-28-2000)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 07/31/2002

To: Counterterrorism **Attn:** [redacted] b7E
Phoenix

From: Los Angeles
NSD-6
Contact: [redacted] b6 b7C b7E

Approved By: [redacted] KDW/PH

Drafted By: [redacted] jmc

Case ID #: [redacted] (Pending)

Title: IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREATS TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
OO: LOS ANGELES

Synopsis: SAC concurrence for Los Angeles Source [redacted] b6 b7C b7D
[redacted]

Details: Los Angeles Source [redacted]

[redacted] b3 b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] b7E

212 jmc 01.EC

 b7E

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Adm)

PHOENIX

AT PHOENIX

Los Angeles request Phoenix SAC concurrence [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

♦♦

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1374493-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 6
Page 11 ~ b3; b6; b7A; b7C; b7E;
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(01/26/1998)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: IMMEDIATE Date: 2/21/2003

To: CIRG Attn: BAU-W
UC [redacted]

Counterterrorism Attn: SSA
IOS [redacted] b6 b7C

From: Los Angeles
Squad CT-3 Contact: SA [redacted]

Approved By: [redacted]

Drafted By: [redacted]

Case ID #: [redacted] b7E

Title: IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREAT TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
OO: LOS ANGELES
[redacted] b7E

Synopsis: Request analysis of enclosed video tape containing interview of EARL LESLIE KRUGEL, dated 2/20/2003.

Enclosed: One video cassette marked Tape #71-72 containing interview of EARL LESLIE KRUGEL, dated 2/20/2003.

Details: Captioned investigation was initiated on October 24, 2001, based upon information reported by a Cooperative Witness (CW) [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

On 12/11/2001, the Los Angeles Division arrested IRVING DAVID RUBIN and EARL LESLIE KRUGEL for conspiring to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and the office of U.S. Congressman Darrell Issa in San Clemente, California. RUBIN and KRUGEL were arrested for possible violations of Title 18 U.S.C. Section(s) 241, 245, 247, 844(l), 844(h), 924(c), and 371(i).

On 11/04/2002, RUBIN attempted to commit suicide while housed at the Metropolitan Detention Center, Los Angeles. On 11/13/2002, RUBIN died from injuries suffered from the suicide attempt.

[redacted] b7E

To: CIRG From: Los Angeles
Re: [redacted] 2/21/2003 b7E

Sentencing of KRUGEL in this matter is scheduled for 5/19/2003. On 02/04/2003, Defendant KRUGEL pled guilty to Title 18 U.S.C. Section 241: Conspiracy Against Civil Rights; and Title 18 U.S.C. Section 844 (h)(2): Carrying an Explosive During the Commission of a Federal Felony.

KRUGEL must meet certain obligations under the plea agreement, including a complete debriefing. If KRUGEL should fail to meet those obligations, there could be a breach of agreement and trial against KRUGEL could proceed in this matter.

On 2/20/2003, as a part of the plea agreement that was reached by EARL KRUGEL, KRUGEL was debriefed by the United States Attorney's Office and members of the Los Angeles Task Force on Terrorism. The interview took place at the United States Attorney's Office, 15th Floor Conference Room, United States Court House, 312 N. Spring Street, Los Angeles, California. The interview, which lasted almost four hours, covered [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

The following individuals were in attendance at the proffer session on 2/20/2003:

Earl Leslie KRUGEL
[redacted] (Defense Attorney) b6
AUSA [redacted] b7C
AUSA [redacted]
SA [redacted]
SA [redacted]
Det. [redacted]
[redacted]

After dealing with the current charges at hand interviewers

[redacted] b7D

Then investigators asked about [redacted]

[redacted]

b7E

b7D

[redacted]

The interview with KRUGEL was video taped. This video is being sent to the FBI Behavioral Analysis Unit, CIRG, for analysis. Once investigators are provided with the finding of this analysis, a meeting between the investigators, the U. S. Attorneys, and an FBI Polygrapher will take place. This will be a strategy meeting to formulate a series of questions to pose to KRUGEL. He will be afforded an opportunity to answer these questions. After this follow-up interview, KRUGEL will submit to a polygraph exam to see if he has been truthful with the investigators.

Investigation is continuing at Los Angeles.

To: CIRG From: Los Angeles
Re: [redacted] 2/21/2003 b7E

LEAD:

Set Lead 1:

CIRG

at Washington, DC

The Behavioral Analysis Unit is requested to analyze the enclosed videotape of the KRUGEL interview and provide Los Angeles with results of analysis.

◆◆

(Rev. 01-31-2003)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 03/26/2003

To: Los Angeles **Attn:** JTTF
SA [redacted] b6 b7C

From: CIRG
NCAVC - BAU WEST
Contact: SSA [redacted]

Approved By: [redacted]

Drafted By: [redacted]

Case ID #: [redacted] b7E

Title: IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREAT TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
OO: LOS ANGELES

Synopsis: To provide assessment.

Details: On 02/20/2003, as part of a negotiated plea agreement reached by EARL KRUGEL and the United States Attorney's Office, Los Angeles, KRUGEL was debriefed by Government prosecutors and members of the FBI's Joint Terrorism Task Force. The interview, which lasted nearly four hours, covered [redacted] b6 b7C b7D The JTTF subsequently requested that the National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime (NCAVC), Behavioral Analysis Unit (BAU) review the taped interview and opine as to whether or not KRUGEL was being completely candid, identify sensitive areas in his debriefing, and offer suggestions for further interviews of KRUGEL. On 03/06/2003, SSA [redacted] b6 b7C began analysis of KRUGEL's debriefing. The following observations were made about this interview and provided verbally to SA [redacted] in subsequent telephonic consultations.

* At the onset of the debriefing, KRUGEL began objecting to the issue of taking a polygraph examination. This concern of his, immediately into the debriefing process, suggests a lack of commitment by KRUGEL as to what he will say. He is likely telegraphing his listeners that his statements may be less than candid.

File 4/3/03

uploaded by K.S. 4/7/03

[redacted] b7E

* It appeared that when KRUGEL was recalling information and accurately relaying it, his communication was very animated and he "spoke with his hands." This behavior appeared to be his "norm." In other instances, when we believe he was being less-than-candid, his overall affect was flat. His voice became softer, his speech slower, and he was far less animated. This deviation from his norm, at relevant points of his story, especially when combined with other indicators noted below, is consistent with the findings of current training and research into the behavior of deceptive individuals. This behavior was especially noted during his conversation about [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

* Another aspect of KRUGEL's behavior which appears to be his norm was noted in his method of processing information. His eyes moved sideways and to the left when retrieving information from memory. According to the principles of neuro-linguistic programming (NLP), this is the norm for most people who are auditorily-oriented - about 20% of the world population. If he was questioned about non-sensitive, historical information, he simply relayed it after accessing it. At numerous points throughout his interview, after accessing the information, his eyes would then move downward and back and forth. According to NLP, this suggests an internal dialogue, as the subject decides what information to reveal or how to package it. Again, it is inconsistent with absolute or unedited candor during a debriefing. It was especially noted during his statements related to [redacted] b7D

* A linguistic technique KRUGEL employed when telegraphing his lack of commitment to his statements was his use of the passive voice (i.e., [redacted] as opposed to "John Doe injured him;" "[redacted] as opposed to "we bombed his house;" and [redacted] b7D According to the principles of statement analysis, passive language like this can suggest deception. Note that at [redacted]

[redacted]

* Another principle of statement analysis is that a shift in tense, generally from the past tense to the present, is one of the best indicators of deception. When a truthful person reports an event in the past, he speaks in the past tense. KRUGEL employed a shift in tense when likely feigning no advance knowledge of [redacted] Rather than say, "I didn't want to know," he said, [redacted] b7D

The assessment of the above behavioral observations is that KRUGEL gave multiple indicators suggestive of deception, particularly when asked about [redacted] Additionally, throughout the interview, his memory of past events and persons seemed highly selective. He appeared to be "hedging" and internally debating how he would respond to questions. [redacted] Again this behavior is inconsistent with the candor a negotiated plea agreement would require. b7D

One clue to KRUGEL's motivation for his apparent lack of candor appeared early on in his debriefing, around 11:20 a.m. He said, [redacted] Any admissions he would make to a lethal bombing would smear the picture he would like his prosecutors to have of him. [redacted] he cues us to a second motivation for his lack of candor: either out of fear or a sense of honor (or both), he does not wish to appear to be a "rat." b7D

In planning for additional interviews of KRUGEL, investigators can learn from the 02/20/2003 debriefing, first of all by examining what techniques were less than successful. The following observations of the logistics of that interview were noted.

* During the debriefing, KRUGEL was allowed to eat a bagel sandwich and take numerous drinks from an ice-filled cup containing a soft drink. His drinking from the cup appeared to serve as a stalling mechanism for KRUGEL throughout the interview. This stalling likely served his interests well in a number of ways. First of all, it enabled him to buy time and consider what answer he wanted to give his interviewers. Carefully considering his words and guarding against revealing relevant information is inconsistent behavior for an individual who is candidly providing information from memory. In several instances his stalling motivated some of his interviewers to finish his sentences or fill in the gaps of silence by providing answers for KRUGEL. Additionally, his long pulls on his drink and careful mastication of his sandwich served as a stress reliever for KRUGEL. As we know from our research, training and experience, a successful interviewer will note when a subject is stressed during an interview and further explore the information that appeared to be stressing the subject. Furthermore the correct application of stress and its relief to a subject, by the interviewer, at relevant points of an interview, can, over time, subtly motivate a subject to provide truthful information. Being truthful becomes his only means of relieving his stress. [redacted] b7E

[redacted] b7E

[redacted]

It was noted that the questioning from SA [redacted] seemed to b6 b7C
particularly stress KRUGEL, but that many of her lines of inquiry
were interrupted by the other questioners [redacted] b7E

[redacted]

Since the main interest to the task force is [redacted] the NCAVC would recommend that this incident be the focus of the next debriefing of KRUGEL. Though he did appear to be deceptive as to [redacted] b7D [redacted] the statute of limitations on this crime has long-expired. It may not be worth the energy or effect on overall rapport to pursue this individual's identity, *unless* he could be a co-conspirator in the [redacted] According to the plea agreement, KRUGEL is facing probably 15-years imprisonment. The Task Force desires to clear [redacted] and pursue charges against co-conspirators. The task force would be willing to give KRUGEL even more help on his sentence, if he would [redacted] In furtherance of this goal, the NCAVC suggests the following points to more finely-tune an interview strategy.

* It must be made clear to KRUGEL that his plea deal is only good if he is entirely truthful with the Task Force. At this point in time, based on the initial impressions of the investigating agents, supported by the behavioral analysis of the NCAVC, it is obvious that KRUGEL has been less-than-candid. This point should be made to KRUGEL. [redacted] b7E

[redacted]

[redacted] It also appears that KRUGEL doubts the Government's good faith in upholding its immunity offer. This concern coupled with the image he has presented of himself as being basically non-violent are hurdles the Task Force needs to overcome. [redacted] b7E

[redacted] b7E

In the past he acted directly against the Soviets; and now, much of his behavior has been driven by anti-Arab sentiment. The events of September 11th affected him deeply. [redacted]

* Another important theme which KRUGEL's statements alerted us to is [redacted] b6 b7C b7E

this relief can be offered to KRUGEL along with the suggestion that [redacted]

[redacted] b6 b7C b7E

* A different but related interviewing technique agents may want to consider using with KRUGEL is the [redacted] b7E

[redacted] b7E

The NCAVC can provide Task Force agents with additional information on using [redacted] b7E in a telephonic consultation prior to KRUGEL's further debriefing.

One final observation is worthy of note. Around 11:33 a.m., when asked about [redacted] KRUGEL said, [redacted] That statement is consistent with current NCAVC anecdotal and research experience regarding offenders involved in [redacted] b7D b7E KRUGEL's language mirrored the language of subjects interviewed by NCAVC members. We can believe his statement and extend this credence to his statements regarding his lack of knowledge on [redacted] This may suggest that [redacted] The NCAVC still opines it unlikely that [redacted] such a major and successful JDL direct action operation would not have been accomplished without the foreknowledge or involvement of its chief deputy in Los Angeles.

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Action)

LOS ANGELES

AT JTTF

Read and cover lead.

♦♦

INVESTIGATIVE BRIEFING OUTLINE:

To: SSA [redacted] b6 b7C

From: Detective [redacted] (ATD/JTTF)
SA [redacted] (CT-3)

Date: 5/05/2003

Subject: JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE (JDL)

I. Previous Status Review (Background)

The previous briefing outlined statements made by EARL KRUGEL relative to the [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

In this interview [redacted] b7D

[redacted] This interview of February 20, 2003 was video recorded. The tape was sent to the FBI Behavioral Science Unit. After studying the video taped interview an opinion was rendered that KRUGEL was not being completely honest. It was determined that KRUGEL was withholding information and that he was possibly protecting someone.

II. Recent Investigative Activities

A follow-up interview with EARL KRUGEL was conducted on April 10, 2003. KRUGEL was confronted with the results of the Behavioral Science Unit. It was also pointed out to him that the investigators knew that [redacted] b7D

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

125MPHOL memo

[redacted] b7E

[redacted] b7D

On May 2, 2003 EARL KRUGEL was given a polygraph exam. Control questions asked were directly related to [redacted] b7D KRUGEL failed this exam, indicating that he has knowledge that he is withholding from the investigators. KRUGEL stuck to his previous statements to investigators.

The following relevant questions were included in the polygraph examination:

[redacted] b7E

III. Threat Assessment

There is no change in the threat assessment of this group at this time. As reported previously the organization is without true leadership. Nothing has changed to give this group new direction.

IV. Investigative Objectives

Case Agents are formulating a presentation for the Assistant Director of the FBI, at Los Angeles and the United States Attorney, for the Central District of California. It is the goal of investigators to bring this case to the Federal Grand Jury.

[redacted] b7E

IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREAT TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;

The following information highlights several factors which indicate that Earl Krugel continues to withhold significant information about [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

Chronology

12/11/2001 Arrests:

-Irv Rubin and Earl Krugel arrested

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

224MPhol. Insert

[redacted]

[redacted] b7E

[redacted] b7D

5/02/2003 **Polygraph #1:**

-Given by FBI SA [redacted] b6 b7C

-Questions were as follows:

[redacted] b7E

-Krugel failed Polygraph #1.

6/09/2003 **Polygraph #2:**

-Given by Ret. SA [redacted] b6 b7C

-Questions were as follows:

[redacted] b7E

-Results of polygraph were inconclusive. Ret. SA [redacted] acknowledged that the polygraph questions should have been better formulated. b6 b7C

6/19/2003 **Polygraph #3 Scheduled:**

-Krugel declined to take this polygraph after learning the questions would be:

[redacted] b7E

-Krugel said his attorney considered the previous "inconclusive" polygraph as a victory for the defense.

-Krugel told [redacted] b6 b7C b7E Krugel was warned not to use this technique.

6/29/2003 **Meeting with United States Attorney.**

7/03/2003 **Polygraph #3:**

-Given by Ret. SA [redacted] b6 b7C

-Questions were as follows:

[redacted] b7E

-Krugel failed Polygraph #3. In a statement to [redacted] Krugel said he was not surprised that he failed.

7/16/2003 **Third Debrief:** b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Conclusion

Krugel has shown a pattern of providing new information at each debriefing only when faced with "breach of agreement." It is apparent that Krugel does not want to go to trial and is attempting to convince the government that he wants to "tell all". [redacted] has been a common theme during follow-up debriefings.

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

To use Krugel's own words as to why he agreed to

take the polygraph exams, *"I want to make it appear that I am cooperating."*

All of the information Krugel has provided so far is carefully thought out third hand information and inadmissable. [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

[redacted] b7D

Following Debrief #4, Krugel stated he was mad at himself for cooperating with the Government and for providing the information to investigators. This is probably another Krugel ploy at making it appear that he is cooperating.

While the Case Agents view any new information provided by Krugel concerning [redacted] as potentially helpful (if truthful), we feel Krugel continues to withhold significant, first hand information from the Government on that issue. b7D

8/12/2003 Meeting with United States Attorney.

8/19/2003 Polygraph #4 scheduled.

(Rev. 08-28-2000)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 08/12/2003

To: Los Angeles

From: Los Angeles
CT-3

Approved By: [redacted] b6 b7C

Drafted By: [redacted] :mph

Case ID #: [redacted] (Pending) b7E

Title: IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREATS TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
00: LOS ANGELES

Synopsis: Status of investigation.

Attached: Copy of chronology of investigation.

Details: Earl Leslie Krugel, awaiting sentencing on an unrelated bombing matter, was interviewed on 7/16/2003. This was the third interview of Krugel since his arrest on 12/11/2001 for his part in a plot to bomb Arab and Muslim properties.

Krugel, through his attorney, requested this third interview. In the first interview with Krugel, he stated that [redacted] b7D

[redacted]

In a follow-up interview with Krugel, he added that [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

b7E

224MPH02.EC

[redacted]

 b7E

The added information [redacted] was of interest b7D
to the Case Agents in the [redacted] matter. On 10/11/1985 at approximately 0137 hours a power transformer was blown out with a shotgun in Santa Ana, California. This action caused a black out which diverted police services to that part of the city. This left the east side of Santa Ana without a visible police presence. The ADC offices where the [redacted] was planted was located on the east side of the city, approximately 3 miles from the power transformer that was blown out.

The third interview (7/16/2003), was requested by Krugel through his attorney. At this time, Krugel stated that he had additional information regarding [redacted] Krugel advised that b7D
he was now compelled to tell all he knew about [redacted]. In his words, he was beaten down.

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

On 07/18/2003, Case Agents met with and interviewed Krugel, showing

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Case Agents contacted retired FBI Special Agent [redacted] (Buffalo RA). [redacted] was the Case Agent for the overall investigation into the criminal activities of the JDL through the 1980's. The name of [redacted] was given to [redacted] for his input. [redacted] stated that [redacted]

would be a likely suspect. He was close to [redacted] as well as a trusted member of Kahane's inner circle. b6 b7C

In addition Los Angeles JTTF members with knowledge of the JDL have information that [redacted] was arrested in Israel in 1984 along with [redacted] another JDL member. The two were in possession of 22 pounds of explosives. In addition to this, [redacted] has physical similarities to [redacted] was identified by [redacted] along with [redacted] as two subjects that had posed as storm window salesmen at the home of [redacted] on 08/14/1985. b6 b7C

Case Agents in the Odeh matter are currently gathering photos of JDL members circa 1985. The photo spread will be shown to witnesses from Paddy Murphy's Bar, 2920 Warner Ave. Santa Ana, Ca. On 10/11/1985 at approximately 0130 hours 5 individuals became unruly at the bar and were asked to leave. These individuals entered a silver or gray Buick or Cadillac partial license [redacted] and drove to the rear of the bar. The subjects then blew out the power transformer with a shotgun before speeding away. b6 b7C

♦♦

23RD STORY of Level 1 printed in FULL format.

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Los Angeles Times

July 30, 1988, Saturday, Orange County Edition

SECTION: Metro; Part 2; Page 1; Column 6; Metro Desk

LENGTH: 1512 words

HEADLINE: BOMBING TRIAL IS SNARLED IN U.S.-ISRAELI TREATY ISSUE

BYLINE: By DAN FISHER, Times Staff Writer

DATELINE: JERUSALEM

BODY:
The possible return of a former Jewish Defense League activist to stand trial in a fatal 1980 mail bombing in Manhattan Beach is bound up in the previously undisclosed and politically explosive renegotiation of the extradition treaty between the United States and Israel, sources in both governments revealed this week.

Legal changes here, necessary to clearly cover wanted Israeli citizens under the treaty, are so hotly opposed by the political right that "obviously, nothing will be done before the elections," said a well-placed Israeli government source, speaking on condition of anonymity.

Israeli national elections are scheduled for Nov. 1. A victory by the political right, which according to public opinion polls has been gaining strength throughout the year, would presumably foreclose any such legal changes for the foreseeable future.

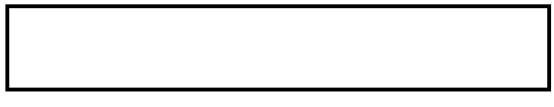
An immediate beneficiary of this imbroglio, it appears, is Robert S. Manning, 36, a self-styled demolitions expert and charter member of the Jewish Defense League's West Coast chapter, who has been identified as a suspect in the 1985 killing of American-Arab activist Alex M. Odeh in Santa Ana. Manning is now living in Kiryat Arba, one of the most militant Jewish settlements in the Israeli-occupied West Bank.

Indicted in Secretary's Death

Manning was indicted early this month in the killing of Patricia Wilkerson, a secretary at a Manhattan Beach computer marketing firm who, on July 17, 1980, opened a package addressed to her employer. Following instructions in a letter accompanying the package, Wilkerson plugged what appeared to be a tape recorder into an electrical outlet and was killed instantly when the device exploded. Authorities have stated no possible motive for the bombing.

Manning has also been identified as a

suspect in four 1985 bomb attacks, including the killing of Odeh in October



b7E

of that year and the slaying two months earlier in Paterson, N.J., of Tscherim Soobzokov, an alleged Nazi war criminal.

Odeh, 41, the West Coast regional director of the Arab-American Anti-Discrimination Committee, was killed Oct. 11, 1985, when a bomb ripped through the committee's Santa Ana office as he opened the door to begin work for the day. He was killed hours after he had appeared on a television news show and praised Palestine Liberation Organization leader Yasser Arafat as a "man of peace."

Manning's wife, Rochelle, has also been charged in Wilkerson's death and is believed to have had a peripheral role in the Odeh case. She was arrested in late June at Los Angeles International Airport. Police investigators say Rochelle Manning's fingerprints were found on a note attached to the device that blew up and killed Wilkerson and that Robert Manning's prints were on the paper it was wrapped in.

Assistant U.S. Atty. Nancy Wieben Stock said she would seek extradition of the former JDL activist so that he can be tried in the Wilkerson case, but no such request has been received.

It had been thought that the main impediment to extradition was Manning's residence in the occupied West Bank, which the United States does not recognize as part of Israel. An extradition request, it is said, might be interpreted as establishing a diplomatic precedent.

While agreeing that the territorial issue is a complicating factor, U.S. and Israeli officials told The Times that the principal problem is the issue of Israeli nationals, who are exempt from extradition under a 1977 Israeli law.

U.S. officials, admittedly "disturbed" by the situation, argue that when the newly elected, rightist Likud government changed Israeli law in 1977 to prohibit the extradition of its nationals, it effectively overturned a key feature of the 1962 extradition treaty between the two countries.

The treaty states specifically that the country requested to extradite an individual may not refuse because of that person's nationality. And as one American official put it, "we don't think they can change their obligations unilaterally."

Another complicating factor is that the 1977 Israeli law states that the exemption from extradition does not apply in cases in which the crime took place before the suspect became an Israeli citizen.

Question of Timing

There is apparently some debate over whether Manning had become an Israeli citizen at the time of the 1980 Wilkerson killing. It has been reported that he moved here permanently in the late 1970s or in 1980. Israel automatically grants citizenship to any Jew who requests it under the country's Law of Return.

But even if the Wilkerson killing predates Manning's citizenship, the series of 1985 bombings, including the killing of Odeh, clearly occurred afterward. Thus if Manning were extradited for the Wilkerson killing, the United States would be prohibited from prosecuting him in the other cases.

"You can't prosecute except for the offense for which you've requested extradition," an Israeli government source said.

Meanwhile, Robbie Sabel, legal adviser to the Israeli Foreign Ministry, confirmed that "low-intensity" negotiations have been under way between Washington and Jerusalem for at least 18 months in an effort to update the extradition treaty.

Sabel said the discussions were initiated by the United States in connection with an overall review of law enforcement problems between the two countries, and that Israel agreed in principle to a change.

Law Changes Needed

Sabel conceded that the revisions sought by the United States would require changes in the 1977 Israeli law.

The sensitivity surrounding the issue of extraditing Israeli citizens was reflected in the political storm raised here nearly two years ago when France requested that Israel return for trial William Nakash, who was wanted for the 1983 killing of an Arab in the French town of Besancon. Nakash fled to Israel and became a citizen under the Law of Return.

His case became a right-wing cause celebre. Justice Minister Avraham Sharir of the Likud Bloc tried unsuccessfully to defy a Supreme Court order that Nakash be returned to France.

"There's a sort of feeling here that you can't hand a Jew over to be tried by Gentiles," a senior government official said. "It has to do with 2,000 years of Jewish history, of Jewish persecution at the hands of Gentiles."

One of the changes being discussed in the extradition treaty between the United States and Israel would address this concern to some extent by permitting an extradited criminal to be returned after trial to serve the sentence in the country of his or her citizenship.

Another Israeli concern about amending the treaty, Sabel said, is that any change in the provision dealing with how it is to be applied to nationals would set a precedent. And while Israel may have less concern about the fate of Israeli citizens tried in the United States, that might not be so in cases involving other countries.

There has been a steady trickle of non-Israeli nationals, and at least one naturalized citizen, extradited by Israel at U.S. request since 1981, legal sources in both countries said. Usually, Sabel said, the wanted party waives his or her rights under the treaty and returns voluntarily.

There are two current cases of Israeli nationals who are being prosecuted here for offenses committed in the United States, according to an attorney in the U.S. State Department who spoke on condition of anonymity.

Nonetheless, the attorney said in a telephone interview, it is "a very strong U.S. policy to encourage the extradition of nationals" and that U.S. law permits the extradition of American nationals.

Israel is not the only country that prohibits the extradition of its nationals, the State Department attorney noted. Others include France, West Germany, the Scandinavian countries and most of Latin America.

"It's fairly common in civil-law countries to prohibit the extradition of their nationals," said the U.S. government attorney. "But it's a policy we oppose across the board, and we're trying to get lots of countries to change their laws. There's no reason Israel would be any different."

In addition to Manning, three other American-born Israelis are under investigation in the United States in connection with the 1985 bombings. They are Keith Fuchs, 24, originally from Los Angeles, Bart Silverman and Andrew Green. They, too, are apparently protected by the 1977 Israeli law that prohibits the extradition of Israeli nationals.

All four are reportedly close to the radical anti-Arab Kach party of right-wing Rabbi Meir Kahane, who founded the JDL before emigrating to Israel and being elected to the Knesset, Israel's parliament.

The Jerusalem Post on Monday quoted unidentified military sources as confirming that despite his indictment in the United States, Manning recently served as a reservist in the Israeli army. The sources refused to say where he had been stationed, the Post reported, but Manning previously told a reporter from the Dallas Morning News that he had spent 30 days on duty near Nablus, in the occupied West Bank.

GRAPHIC: Photo, Robert S. Manning

By Greg Risling
June 14, 2004

LOS ANGELES, CA -- A judge ruled Monday that a former Jewish Defense League activist will stand trial on additional charges in connection with an alleged plot to bomb a Culver City mosque and the office of a Lebanese-American congressman.

Earl Krugel, 61, previously pleaded guilty to one count of conspiracy to violate the civil rights of the users of the mosque and one count of carrying an explosive device in connection with a conspiracy to impede or injure an officer of the United States. However, prosecutors argued during a closed-door hearing Monday that Krugel breached terms of the plea agreement and should be tried on multiple counts listed in an indictment filed against Krugel after his arrest three years ago. U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew granted the prosecution's motion and set a November trial date.

``We view this is as a dark day in American justice," said Krugel's attorney Peter Morris, who added his client provided ``extraordinary cooperation" with the federal government. ``Mr. Krugel clearly professes his innocence to any further charges." Krugel, a former dental assistant, and the late JDL leader Irv Rubin were arrested in 2001 and charged with conspiring to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and a field office of Rep. Darrell E. Issa, R-Vista, who is a Lebanese-American. Prosecutors said Rubin selected the bombing targets, Krugel purchased the bomb components and the two of them recruited a third JDL member _ a teenager who was an **FBI** informant _ to blow up the buildings. Prosecutors said they had hours of recorded conversations between the two JDL members and the informant, who contacted authorities.

Hours before both men were set to appear in court Nov. 4, Rubin slashed his neck with a prison-issued razor blade and tumbled 18 feet over a railing at the downtown federal Metropolitan Detention Center, federal officials said. He died nine days later. Krugel's attorneys said last February that the plea agreement was reached because it was difficult to defend alleged actions of domestic terrorism in the current political climate. They maintained that Rubin and Krugel intended to inflict property damage and not injure anyone. Those attorneys have since left the case, and Krugel's family said they are seeking legal actions against them.

Assistant U.S. Attorney Gregory Jessner wouldn't comment how Krugel breached the plea agreement or if he has cooperated about the slaying of Alex Odeh, an Arab-American leader who died in 1985 when a bomb went off outside the Orange County office of the American Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee. The **FBI** has investigated several onetime JDL members but no charges have ever been filed. The JDL has denied any involvement. The **Justice Department** has offered a $1 million reward for information leading to an arrest and conviction. ``This is all about Alex Odeh," said Krugel's wife, who did not want to give her first name. ``My husband has cooperated. At this point, I can only say that the government stinks."

Jessner said that Krugel still could be held to his guilty plea along with the additional charges, which could mean he could serve at least 55 years in prison. Krugel hoped that the additional nine counts that include attempted arson, possession of a destructive device to further a crime of violence and soliciting someone to commit a crime of violence would have been dismissed in exchange for his plea. Morris said he will likely ask the judge to have his client released from the plea agreement so that he could stand trial on all counts. The JDL, whose symbol is a raised fist inside a Star of David, has the motto ``Never Again," referring to the World War II murder of 6 million Jews. It was founded in 1968 by Meir Kahane to mount armed response to anti-Semitic acts in New York City. A JDL spokesman said Krugel has been dismissed from the group.

NYC Weighs A Dozen Bids For GOP Protests

Associated Press
21:14:36
By Tom Hays
June 14, 2004

NEW YORK, NY -- About a dozen groups have requested permits to stage protests at the Republican National Convention, city authorities said Monday, a day before the deadline for such requests.

[redacted] mb b6 b7C b7E

[redacted]

(Rev. 10-01-1999)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE **Date:** 09/01/2004

To: Los Angeles **Attn:** SA [redacted] b6 b7C

From: Los Angeles
CT-3
Contact: SA [redacted]

Approved By: [redacted]

Drafted By: [redacted] :mph

Case ID #: [redacted] b7E

Title: IRVING DAVID RUBIN;
EARL LESLIE KRUGEL;
ET AL;
THREAT TO ARAB PROPERTIES;
AOT-DT;
OO: LOS ANGELES

Synopsis: Request polygraph examination of Earl Leslie Krugel.

Details: [redacted] b3 b7A b7D b7E

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

On [redacted]

[redacted] b7E

 b7E

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] the Los Angeles Division Joint Terrorism Task Force arrested Rubin and Krugel for possible violations of Title 18 U.S.C. Section(s) 241, 245, 247, 844(l), 844(h), 924(c), and 371(i).

On 01/10/2002, Rubin and Krugel were named in a multiple count indictment in U.S. District Court for the Central District of California for violations of Title 18 U.S.C. Sections 371: Conspiracy; 2332a(a): Conspiracy to Use a Destructive Device; 844(i) Attempted Arson; 844(f) Attempted Arson at a United States Government Facility; 924(c)(1) possession of a Destructive Device During and in Relation to a Crime of Violence; and 373: Solicitation to Commit A Crime of Violence.

In addition, Krugel was named in the indictment for violations of Title 18 U.S.C. Sections 922(o): Possession of a Machinegun; and 5861(d): Possession of an Unregistered Firearm. Trial in this matter is currently scheduled for 10/01/2002.

On 11/04/2002, Rubin attempted to commit suicide while housed at the Metropolitan Detention Center, Los Angeles. On 11/13/2002, Rubin died from injuries suffered from the suicide attempt.

Trial of Krugel in this matter is currently scheduled for 1/25/2005. [redacted] b3 b7A b7D b7E

EARL LESLIE KRUGEL

It is the opinion of the Case Agent this person is in general good health, does not manifest any outward abnormal behavior and is generally suited for a polygraph.

It is believed that the proposed examinee has at least peripheral knowledge of the unsolved bombing/homicide of Alexander Michel Odeh [redacted] The polygraph is not being used as a screening device or as a substitute for logical investigation. b3 b7A b7E

To: Los Angeles From: Los Angeles
Re: [redacted] 09/01/2004

b7E

It is requested that a polygraph examination be authorized in this matter.

To: Los Angeles From: Los Angeles
Re: [redacted] 09/01/2004 b7E

Lead(s):

Set Lead 1: (Action)

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CA

SA [redacted] is requested to facilitate polygraph of Earl Leslie Krugel. b6 b7C

◆◆

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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Ex-JDL Member Gets 20 Years in Prison

Judge orders maximum penalty for Earl Krugel, who admitted to plot to bomb a Culver City mosque and the field office of Rep. Issa.

By David Rosenzweig
Times Staff Writer

September 23, 2005

A former Jewish Defense League member who admitted plotting to bomb a Culver City mosque and the field office of Arab American Rep. Darrell E. Issa (R-Vista) was sentenced Thursday to 20 years in federal prison.

Earl Krugel, a 62-year-old dental technician from Reseda, apologized for his actions, telling the court they were "dangerous, wrong and illegal and for that I am sorry."

But U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew said he did not believe Krugel's claim that he was a changed man. Lew assailed him for "promoting hatred in the most vile way" and sentenced him to the maximum provided under federal guidelines.

Krugel was charged in the plot in 2001 along with JDL leader Irv Rubin, 57, who later committed suicide while in custody.

Before Krugel's sentencing, lawyers for both sides argued over whether the defendant had lived up to the terms of a plea agreement in which he promised to cooperate with federal officials in investigating the long-unsolved slaying of Arab American leader Alex Odeh. Odeh, western regional director of the American Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee, was killed in 1985 by a bomb that was triggered to explode when he opened the door to his Santa Ana office.

Over the years, the FBI has investigated several onetime JDL members in connection with the slaying. No charges have ever been brought, and the JDL has denied involvement.

Defense attorney Jay Lichtman said Krugel had provided the FBI with the names of four persons mentioned by Rubin, the late JDL leader, as involved in the 1985 killing. The names were not revealed in court; however, one source close to the probe confirmed that three of them were former JDL members Keith Fuchs, Andy Green and Robert Manning. The trio had been publicly identified as possible suspects as early as 1988.

Fuchs and Green are believed to be living in the Israeli-occupied West Bank. Manning is serving a life prison term in California for sending a letter bomb that killed a Los Angeles secretary in 1980. The bombing was contracted by a fellow JDL member who had a business dispute with the owner of a firm where the secretary worked.

Lichtman acknowledged that Krugel had stalled for five months before revealing the names, three of which, he said, were already known to the FBI.

b7E

Assistant U.S. Atty. Gregory Jessner declined to comment on Lichtman's disclosure, saying it involved matters under investigation. Mary Hogan, the FBI agent in charge of the Odeh case, attended Thursday's hearing and also declined to comment.

Reached at his business in Orange County, Odeh's brother, Sami, said he remains "hopeful that whoever committed the crime will eventually pay for it."

Krugel and Rubin were arrested by FBI agents Dec. 11, 2001, as they were mapping plans to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and Issa's field office in San Diego County.

After Rubin's death, Krugel negotiated a deal with prosecutors in which he pleaded guilty to conspiring to bomb Issa's office, an offense that carried a mandatory 10-year prison term, and violating the civil rights of worshipers at the King Fahd Mosque, punishable by up to 10 years.

In his plea agreement, Krugel acknowledged that Rubin selected the targets to be bombed while he supervised a young JDL member, Danny Gillis, who was to plant the explosives. Gillis, however, tipped off the FBI and wore a concealed tape recorder during numerous meetings with the two senior JDL members.

Although explosive powder and pipes were seized from Krugel's home, Lichtman said Thursday that the plotters were a long way from planting any bombs.

Moreover, he said, the tape recordings show that Rubin and Krugel contemplated setting off the bombs in the dead of night "because they didn't want to hurt any innocent people."

Jessner called that argument absurd, saying the conspirators could have caused many deaths and serious injuries. The judge agreed.

Lew also heard Thursday from Salam Al-Marayati, executive director of the Muslim Public Affairs Council, who urged the judge to treat Krugel "like any other terrorist" and give him the maximum punishment possible.

At one point, the JDL plotters had considered planting an explosive device outside the council's Los Angeles office. According to court documents, Rubin vetoed the idea because it might cause collateral damage to other offices in the building.

Al-Marayati said the Muslim community has been living under a lingering threat because of Krugel's actions and because Odeh's killers remain at large.

The Muslim leader said the bombing plot has had one unintended consequence: It has brought the Muslim, Christian and Jewish communities together in their opposition to all forms of racial, religious and ethnic hatred.

In Washington, Issa issued a statement thanking the FBI and the U.S. attorney's office for

foiling the plot and bringing Krugel to justice.

"I am thankful to my friends and colleagues, particularly those from the Jewish community, who have condemned these extremists who, motivated by hate and a desire to intimidate, plotted to bomb targets in Southern California," he added.

The Jewish Defense League was founded in 1968 by Meir Kahane, a Brooklyn, N.Y., rabbi who preached that mainstream Jewish organizations had failed to protect America's Jews from pervasive anti-Semitism.

Kahane moved to Israel in 1970 and founded the Kach party, which called for forcibly removing all Arabs from Israel and the occupied territories. He was assassinated in New York in 1990 by an Arab extremist.

Since Rubin's death, the JDL's membership has dwindled to about 20, said Joanna Mendelson, an investigative researcher with the Anti-Defamation League, which has been tracking the JDL for years.

On Thursday, the JDL denounced Krugel as a traitor to the cause. Rubin's widow, Shelley Rubin, who serves as the group's administrative director, accused Krugel of falsely implicating her husband in order to obtain a reduced sentence.

"Unlike Earl, my husband proclaimed his innocence and would have waged a vigorous defense had his life not been cut short," she said.

Shelley Rubin said she prays Krugel "is granted not one moment of peace until he dies."

Under his 20-year sentence, Krugel will receive credit for the nearly four years he already has spent behind bars. He also could be eligible for a further three-year reduction for good behavior.

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Radical Gets 20 Years in Mosque Bomb Plot

By David Rosenzweig
Times Staff Writer

12:30 PM PDT, September 22, 2005

A Jewish radical who confessed to a plot to bomb a Los Angeles mosque and a congressman's office was sentenced to the maximum 20 years in prison this morning.

Earl Krugel, a 63-year-old dental assistant from Reseda, apologized for his actions, telling the court that they were "dangerous, wrong and illegal, and for that I am sorry."

But U.S. District Judge Ronald S. W. Lew said he did not buy the argument that Krugel had changed since his arrest in December 2001. He sentenced Krugel to the maximum term.

Krugel was convicted of planning to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and a field office of Rep. Darrell E. Issa (R-Vista), who is of Lebanese descent. A codefendant, Irv Rubin, committed suicide while awaiting trial.

In federal court in Los Angeles, lawyers for both sides debated whether Krugel had lived up to the terms of a plea agreement in which he promised to cooperate with the FBI.

Defense attorney Jay Lichtman disclosed that Krugel had provided federal authorities with the names of four people whom Rubin, the late Jewish Defense League leader, had mentioned as suspects in the 1985 slaying of Alex Odeh, head of the American Arab Antidiscrimination Committee.

Odeh was fatally injured by a bomb that exploded when he opened the door to the committee's headquarters in Santa Ana. The 20-year-old killing remains unsolved.

Lichtman acknowledged that Krugel had stalled for five months before revealing the names, three of which he said already were known to the FBI.

Krugel pleaded guilty to working with Rubin to enlist a younger Jewish Defense League member to carry out the bombings. Rubin chose the targets and Krugel supervised the purchase of metal pipes and explosive powder, authorities said.

Danny Gillis, assigned to plant the bombs, became an FBI informant, wearing a concealed recording device during a series of meetings with Krugel and Rubin. According to a transcript of one planning session, Krugel said the JDL needed to send "a wake-up call" to Arabs by doing

something to one of their "filthy mosques." Gillis told the FBI that Krugel provided him with a camera and instructed him to scout about a dozen potential targets in Los Angeles and Orange counties.

Gillis also said he had taken part in two earlier JDL bombing attempts, one at a San Fernando Valley tattoo parlor that caused minor damage to a rear wall and the other an aborted scheme to plant a bomb outside a Valley mosque.

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PARTNERS: ktla Hoy

Statement on the Sentencing of Convicted JDL Terrorist Earl Krugel

September 22, 2005 -

Washington, DC – Congressman Darrell Issa made the following statements about the sentencing of JDL terrorist Earl Krugel who pled guilty and was today sentenced to 20 years for his role in a plot to bomb targets in Southern California including the office of Rep. Darrell Issa:

"I would like to thank the FBI for preventing the conspirators from carrying out their planned acts of terrorism and the many individuals, including the office of the U.S. Attorney, who have worked to bring justice to those who participated in this plot.

"I am thankful to my friends and colleagues, particularly those from the Jewish community, who have condemned these extremists who, motivated by hate and a desire to intimidate, plotted to bomb targets in Southern California.

"I hope that today's sentencing will serve as a strong deterrent to anyone who would consider using violence to express their hatred or to use intimidation to further their political agenda. Such actions are terrorism and our nation must respond strongly so that domestic terrorism is never considered a viable option for those with extreme views."

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STATEMENT ON THE SENTENCING OF CONVICT TERRORIST EARL KRUGEL

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Jewish Defense League Member Sentenced

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The Associated Press
Thursday, September 22, 2005; 9:20 PM

LOS ANGELES -- A Jewish Defense League member was sentenced Thursday to 20 years in prison for his role in a plot to bomb a mosque and a Lebanese-American congressman's office.

During the hearing, Earl Krugel, 62, apologized and said he was a changed man.

But U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew described Krugel's actions as "promoting hatred in the most vile way" and sentenced him to the maximum under Krugel's plea agreement. Lew said Krugel had failed a polygraph test five times during the investigation.

"You are not that changed a person. You have more to give," the judge said.

Krugel pleaded guilty to one count of conspiracy to violate the civil rights of worshippers at Culver City's King Fahd Mosque and one count of carrying an explosive device in connection with a conspiracy to impede or injure Republican U.S. Rep. Darrell Issa.

Krugel will get credit for three years he has already served in jail.

"The court has taken all the evidence into consideration and sentenced him appropriately," the mosque's director of public relations, Usman Madha, said by phone.

Issa thanked law enforcement officials in a statement issued after the hearing.

"I am thankful to my friends and colleagues, particularly those from the Jewish community, who have condemned these extremists," he said.

Krugel, a dental assistant, and the late JDL leader Irv Rubin were arrested in 2001. Hours before they were to appear in court in 2002, Rubin slashed his neck with a razor blade and tumbled 18 feet over a railing at a federal detention center. He died nine days later.

After Rubin's death, Krugel struck the plea deal.

The Jewish Defense League was founded in 1968 by Rabbi Meir Kahane. Kahane advocated the forcible removal of Arabs from Israel. He was assassinated in 1990 in New York.

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FD-35 (Rev. 5-8-81)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) B4
Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, CA

Date: 09/23/2005
Edition:

Title: Ex-JDL Member Gets 20 Years in Prison

Character: [redacted] b7E
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Los Angeles

Indexing:

(X)
MH

[redacted] b7E

Ex-JDL Member Gets 20 Years in Prison

Judge orders maximum penalty for Earl Krugel, who admitted to plot to bomb a Culver City mosque and the field office of Rep. Issa.

By DAVID ROSENZWEIG
Times Staff Writer

A former Jewish Defense League member who admitted plotting to bomb a Culver City mosque and the field office of Arab American Rep. Darrell E. Issa (R-Vista) was sentenced Thursday to 20 years in federal prison.

Earl Krugel, a 62-year-old dental technician from Reseda, apologized for his actions, telling the court they were "dangerous, wrong and illegal and for that I am sorry."

But U.S. District Judge Ronald S.W. Lew said he did not believe Krugel's claim that he was a changed man. Lew assailed him for "promoting hatred in the most vile way" and sentenced him to the maximum provided under federal guidelines.

Krugel was charged in the plot in 2001 along with JDL leader Irv Rubin, 57, who later committed suicide while in custody.

Before Krugel's sentencing, lawyers for both sides argued over whether the defendant had lived up to the terms of a plea agreement in which he promised to cooperate with federal officials in investigating the long-unsolved slaying of Arab American leader Alex Odeh. Odeh, western regional director of the American Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee, was killed in 1985 by a bomb that was triggered to explode when he opened the door to his Santa Ana office.

Over the years, the FBI has investigated several onetime JDL members in connection with the slaying. No charges have ever been brought, and the JDL has denied involvement.

Defense attorney Jay Lichtman said Krugel had provided the FBI with the names of four persons mentioned by Rubin, the late JDL leader, as involved in the 1985 killing. The names were not revealed in court; however, one source close to the probe confirmed that three of them were former JDL members Keith Fuchs, Andy Green and Robert Manning. The trio had been publicly identified as possible suspects as early as 1988.

Fuchs and Green are believed to be living in the Israeli-occupied West Bank. Manning is serving a life prison term in California for sending a letter bomb that killed a Los Angeles secretary in 1980. The bombing was contracted by a fellow JDL member who had a business dispute with the owner of a firm where the secretary worked.

Lichtman acknowledged that Krugel had stalled for five months before revealing the names, three of which, he said, were already known to the FBI.

Assistant U.S. Atty. Gregory Jessner declined to comment on Lichtman's disclosure, saying it involved matters under investigation. Mary Hogan, the FBI agent in charge of the Odeh case, attended Thursday's hearing and also declined to comment.

Reached at his business in Orange County, Odeh's brother, Sami, said he remains "hopeful that whoever committed the crime will eventually pay for it."

> *'I am thankful to my friends and colleagues, particularly those from the Jewish community, who have condemned these extremists.'*
>
> **Rep. Darrell E. Issa,** whose field office was targeted in bomb plot

Krugel and Rubin were arrested by FBI agents Dec. 11, 2001, as they were mapping plans to bomb the King Fahd Mosque in Culver City and Issa's field office in San Diego County.

After Rubin's death, Krugel negotiated a deal with prosecutors in which he pleaded guilty to conspiring to bomb Issa's office, an offense that carried a mandatory 10-year prison term, and violating the civil rights of worshipers at the King Fahd Mosque, punishable by up to 10 years.

In his plea agreement, Krugel acknowledged that Rubin selected the targets to be bombed while he supervised a young JDL member, Danny Gillis, who was to plant the explosives. Gillis, however, tipped off the FBI and wore a concealed tape recorder during numerous meetings with the two senior JDL members.

Although explosive powder and pipes were seized from Krugel's home, Lichtman said Thursday that the plotters were a long way from planting any bombs.

Moreover, he said, the tape recordings show that Rubin and Krugel contemplated setting off the bombs in the dead of night "because they didn't want to hurt any innocent people."

Jessner called that argument absurd, saying the conspirators could have caused many deaths and serious injuries. The judge agreed.

Lew also heard Thursday from Salam Al-Marayati, executive director of the Muslim Public Affairs Council, who urged the judge to treat Krugel "like any other terrorist" and give him the maximum punishment possible.

At one point, the JDL plotters had considered planting an explosive device outside the council's Los Angeles office. According to court documents, Rubin vetoed the idea because it might cause collateral damage to other offices in the building.

Al-Marayati said the Muslim community has been living under a lingering threat because of Krugel's actions and because Odeh's killers remain at large.

The Muslim leader said the bombing plot has had one unintended consequence: It has brought the Muslim, Christian and Jewish communities together in their opposition to all forms of racial, religious and ethnic hatred.

In Washington, Issa issued a statement thanking the FBI and the U.S. attorney's office for foiling the plot and bringing Krugel to justice.

"I am thankful to my friends and colleagues, particularly those from the Jewish community, who have condemned these extremists who, motivated by hate and a desire to intimidate, plotted to bomb targets in Southern California," he added.

The Jewish Defense League was founded in 1968 by Meir Kahane, a Brooklyn, N.Y., rabbi who preached that mainstream Jewish organizations had failed to protect America's Jews from pervasive anti-Semitism.

Kahane moved to Israel in 1970 and founded the Kach party, which called for forcibly removing all Arabs from Israel and the occupied territories. He was assassinated in New York in 1990 by an Arab extremist.

Since Rubin's death, the JDL's membership has dwindled to about 20, said Joanna Mendelson, an investigative researcher with the Anti-Defamation League, which has been tracking the JDL for years.

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FD-350 (Rev. 5-8-81)

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) B4
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Edition:

Title: Ex-JDL Member Gets 20 Years in Prison

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Los Angeles

Indexing:

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FBI Renews Call for Tips on 1985 Santa Ana Blast

The bombing killed the western regional director of an Arab anti-discrimination group.

By H.G. Reza
Times Staff Writer

Twenty years after Alex Odeh was killed when a bomb exploded in his Santa Ana office, the FBI is again asking for help by reminding the public of a $1-million reward for information that helps solve the crime.

Odeh, the western regional director of the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee, was killed Oct. 11, 1985, when a bomb exploded as he opened the door to the group's Santa Ana office.

His murder, considered one of the first acts of terrorism in the United States, remains unsolved. Others were injured in the blast, but Odeh was the only fatality.

The reward, first offered nine years ago, was announced again Tuesday by J. Stephen Tidwell, assistant director in charge of the FBI's office in Los Angeles.

"We're asking anyone with information to step forward," said Vickie Hampton-Franklin, a department spokeswoman.

Early in the investigation there was speculation that Jewish militants were responsible, but Hampton-Franklin declined to comment on suspects or discuss details.

Though the FBI has kept the case open for 20 years, Sami Odeh of Orange has expressed frustration over the lack of progress in bringing his brother's killer or killers to justice.

"I hope that the reward will trigger somebody's conscience, or greed," Odeh said said Tuesday.

"But this reward has been in effect since 1996. I still hope that justice will prevail."

UNSOLVED: *Alex Odeh was killed Oct. 11, 1985, when he opened his office door. In 1996, a $1-million reward was offered.*

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FORWARD

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News

Jewish Extremist's Unlikely Pal: Left-wing Rabbi

By NATHANIEL POPPER

November 25, 2005

When Earl Krugel was bludgeoned to death in a prison gym earlier this month, his widow seem to many an unlikely call — to Rabbi Haim Dov Beliak.

The call was unlikely because while Krugel was imprisoned for his work with a militantly r organization, the Jewish Defense League, Beliak is well known in Los Angeles for his passi behalf of left-wing Jewish peace causes. During the time that Krugel, a former dental tech to have been plotting an attack on a Los Angeles mosque, Beliak was working for reconcili Muslim community.

But Beliak, 57, was the Jewish chaplain at the Metropolitan Detention Center, where Krug awaiting trial. As a result, he saw Krugel as much as he did anyone from the outside world visits and came to know him as a gregarious, friendly man. Given all their contact, Beliak s Lola Krugel's call came November 5, "I have to say that I took it very hard."

"As much as we disagreed, as much as we argued and debated, I really cared about this gu really came to care about him as a brother."

Beliak had been one of the first people to meet Krugel at the Metropolitan Detention Cent lived until a month before his death in a Phoenix prison. Beliak had gone to visit Krugel's i — known as the hole — soon after he was arrested along with the Jewish Defense League's Rubin. The Jewish Defense League was founded in 1968 to battle antisemitism, but memb known for their far-right views on Middle East politics.

"I fully expected to dislike both of these guys because of our political chasm," Beliak said o meeting. Given that a Muslim friend of Beliak's was one of Krugel's alleged targets, Beliak totally prepared to do what I could to serve their minimal needs, but to stay as far away en could."

Between that first meeting and Krugel's death three-and-a-half years later, Beliak had con practically on a weekly basis. Krugel became the Torah reader at Beliak's weekly jailhouse said that while Krugel's politics never changed, he believes that Krugel's views on violence process, Krugel won over an unlikely defender and a rabbi to eulogize him at his funeral.

"They were extremely close," said Linda Krugel, Earl's sister, who visited her brother in jai Linda Krugel said that her brother talked about the rabbi "millions of times," and "if Belia Earl was extremely disappointed."

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Beliak actually had come into contact with Krugel before that meeting in the hole. When E Hillel director at the Claremont Colleges in Southern California during the late 1970s, the voted to invite the JDL leadership, including Krugel, to campus. Beliak was opposed to the he was outvoted. While he did not veto his students' decision, he did stand outside the Hil Krugel and Rubin spoke, holding a sign that called the men racists.

They met again two decades later, with the tables turned. In 1999, Beliak spoke at a Los A about Irving Moskowitz, who owned a bingo parlor in a Los Angeles suburb and sponsore causes in Israel. Beliak had co-founded an organization that protested Moskowitz's casino his Israeli projects. Beliak remembers Rubin and Krugel in the crowd, heckling him.

Rubin and Krugel were arrested two years later, in December 2001. They were charged wi bomb targets in the Los Angeles area, including a mosque and the offices of Rep. Darrell I Lebanese origin. The two men were kept in the Metropolitan Detention Center, awaiting s case of Rubin, that never came; he died in 2002. Officials ruled the death a suicide, althou maintain that Rubin was murdered.

Krugel pleaded guilty, and in September of this year he was sentenced to 20 years in priso had been transferred to a medium-security prison outside Phoenix, when he was struck w while working out in the prison gym. The investigation into the identity and motive of the

Before either death, however, Beliak found Krugel and Rubin in the hole. The two men we their arrest, although not defiant, as were many prisoners Beliak had met. They spent thei months in isolation, but after they were released into the general population they quickly j weekly religious services. Beliak never avoided the topics that divided them, saying he con education one of his responsibilities. Beliak's left-wing views about the conflict in the Mid necessarily drew him into "heated conversations" with Krugel and Rubin.

"More than once Earl and Irv left with their feelings hurt, and more than once I left with n Beliak said. "But one of the things about having a prison to bound you is that you have to talk to the person."

Beliak said he was immediately struck by the role reversal the two men underwent in pris had been the outspoken leader on the outside, in prison he became withdrawn and depres trouble engaging him.

Krugel, on the other hand, was outgoing and curious. He frequently would bring intereste Jewish services, and he became the lead reader from the Torah, always inserting his views into the mix. When Rubin died, Krugel was again put into isolation as officials worked out situation. Beliak would visit him each week. They would sit on the floor, talking through t about Middle Eastern politics and history, as well as about Krugel's more mundane intere mineral collecting.

American prisons are known for allowing outside prejudices to fester — serving as a breed white supremacists and urban gangs. But Krugel did not have a support network of Jewis Krugel's politics did not change, Beliak said that Krugel's ideas about the proper way to ac did change.

"He came to appreciate the distinction between hot words and violence," Beliak said.

Linda Krugel pointed to a similar change in her brother and said it was a result of his force other inmates.

"He got to know people on a personal level and saw things very differently," she said. "I wa about him. He had a sensitivity and sympathy with people he never would have spoken wi

The subject of Krugel's metamorphosis continues to be a matter of debate. In 2003, durin hearings, two Muslim inmates wrote on Krugel's behalf. The prosecutor in the case, howe Krugel had paid for the letters.

At his more recent sentencing, in September, Krugel told the judge that he had renounced "Violence only begets violence." The sentencing judge rejected Krugel's declaration. "Peop like that overnight," U.S. District Court judge Ronald Lew said.

Krugel kept up at least some interest in the JDL, as is evidenced in his pen pal relationshi Miller, who says he is the JDL chapter head in Colorado (the leadership of the JDL is a ma and legal wrangling). Although Miller had never met Krugel before he was imprisoned, th more than 50 letters about Middle East politics and antisemitism during Krugel's impriso who was one of four people to give a eulogy at Krugel's funeral, said that he "didn't change very strong from within."

About Krugel's relationships with other inmates, Miller said, "When you're incarcerated, y have to do to survive. As a matter of survival, if being friends with a Muslim was to his ben would have been."

Beliak said that throughout his time in the Los Angeles jail, Krugel was always a master of worked out daily and looked forward to having a few years of life after his release.

Beliak last saw Krugel on October 11, after his sentencing. Krugel was about to be transfer prison, and Beliak said, "I told him that I would go see him wherever he ended up."

The next time Beliak saw him was at a funeral home in Burbank, Calif., where the left-win emotional eulogy for the right-wing militant.

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